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Nationalisation of China's economy seen

The Chinese Communists intend to nationalise China's finance and economy to the fullest extent possible, a Shanghai meeting was told last week, according to United Press.

Mr. Yu Shu-sah, chairman of the East China Military and Political Commission, said this was in accordance with the principles laid down by Chairman Mao Tse-tung. He was addressing representatives of government organs throughout East China.

In order to stabilise China's finances, Mr. Yu said, the principles of unified control of finance and economy must be followed. He said it was of paramount importance to revise the system of taxation, which is now imposing a heavy burden on the people.

The chairman pointed out that the government has been doing its utmost to help private industries by granting loans and allocating raw materials. The relationship between state-owned industry and private industry should be properly adjusted.

At the same time, other Shanghai reports said the authorities have begun a large-scale registration of unemployed workers who will be assigned to work-relief projects.—United Press.

B and S ship back from Shanghai with mixed cargo

The Butterfield and Swire steamer Poyang, the first ship to leave Shanghai after the sinking of the Philippine ship San Antonio at the mouth of the Yangtze on July 24, returned here yesterday after an uneventful trip. She sailed from Shanghai on July 29.

The Poyang took the usual course in the Yangtze South of House Island between the wrecks of the San Antonio and the ss. Kiangya, which sank about three years ago. The wrecks of both vessels could still be observed during low tide.

Fist fights in New York peace rally

New York, August 3.

Two thousand left-wing "peace" marchers, bannermen from staging a Union Square rally, battled 1,000 police late yesterday in a fist-fighting brawl that led to 13 arrests. The demonstrators waited until the home-going rush hour to make their defiant move.

"We want peace—open up the Square," the marchers chanted as they suddenly formed ranks among the throngs going home from work.

Union Square is the traditional scene of New York's peace rallies. When the mounted police were down on the demonstrators they shouted "Cossack!"

The mounted policemen rode their horses on to sidewalks. Fist fights broke out. Several injuries were reported and at least one window was smashed.

Two sign-waving demonstrators were removed from electric light poles by police and a fire department hook and ladder company.

The police detail spent an hour breaking up the demonstration. Most of the marchers arrested were charged with assault or disorderly conduct.

The New York Labour Conference for peace sponsored the forbidden rally.

The conference has led in a petition urging the outlawing of the atom bomb. Government officials have called the petition Communist-inspired.

The conference called the "peace rally" to demand mediation in Korea.—Associated Press.

According to Mr. A. Bartley, Second Officer of the Poyang, the San Antonio is now lying at a position 5.7 miles to the East of Klinton Beacon, and 5.3 miles to the North East of Clump Beacon, or about 40 miles from the Woosung Quarantine Anchorage. When the Poyang passed by, the funnel, two masts and the upper part of the bridge of the San Antonio could still be observed, he added.

Not officially closed

Mr. Bartley further stated that the Communist authorities in Shanghai had not officially declared the port closed following the sinking of the San Antonio, as was reported here. The Communist authorities in Shanghai only informed all ships of the position of the wreck of the San Antonio, which according to observation made on board the Poyang, is actually lying at the point about two miles further East of the position given by the Shanghai authorities, Mr. Bartley added.

Other arrivals on the Poyang disclosed that while in Shanghai they heard a report saying that the San Antonio sank after hitting a wreck, not a mine as was reported by the owners of the vessel. This could not be confirmed, but it might have been possible as many wrecks are known to be in the vicinity, they added.

Air patrol

Vigilant air patrol by United States naval planes over the Taiwan Strait was confirmed by the same informant. While the Poyang was sailing in the Taiwan Strait on her way here, she saw American planes four times during a single day.

Each time, when a plane was met, it circled over the British ship twice and flew away.

The same informant further revealed that on July 18, when the Poyang was on her way to the North from Hong Kong, she was spotted by a Nationalist warship off Tungshan, between Swatow and Amoy. The Poyang was then taking shelter against a strong gale. The warship signalled to the Poyang, asking for the name and destination of the British vessel. The warship then sailed off, the informant said.

While the Poyang was in Shanghai, the crew, including the guards, were allowed to go ashore by the local authorities, a member of the crew said. The guards arms had been locked up aboard the vessel as soon as she docked in Shanghai, he added.

The Poyang returned with 900 tons of general cargo from Shanghai. According to the company's schedule, she will sail for Taiwan on July 21.

REDS DRIVE AGAINST NEW U.S. DEFENCES

Yanks hold firm after general withdrawal

S. Koreans take Yongdok

Tokyo, August 3.

The North Korean Reds smashed in force at the Southern end of the new American "no retreat" defence line only 30 to 35 miles West of Pusan today, but the 24th Division units were reported to be holding firm.

The Communists struck after United States troops holding the Western flank of the Allied beachhead completed a general withdrawal of up to 15 miles on a 65-mile long Western front and dug in with fresh Marine units in the line with orders to hold at all costs.

The planned withdrawal swung the American line back across the Nak-tong River to within eight miles of the big transport centre of Taegu, provisional capital of South Korea, in the centre.

The American and South Korean forces, now nearly a numerical match of the 90,000-man North Korean Red army, dug in today along the river borders of a small beachhead with orders to hold it at all costs.

This time, most observers here believe, the United Nations forces have a reasonable chance of holding and turning into the first stages of victory the retreat which has carried toward a South East Korean Dunkirk.

The defending infantrymen were still thinly spread along the twisting Nak-tong River line today but for the first time they had strong enough reserves to call upon in dealing with a Red breakthrough that the Communists were sure to try.

In the far South, along the 20-mile wide coastal plain leading to the beachhead's only good port of Pusan, the Americans tonight faced their gravest test. There they had no natural river defence lines, and the Communists were reported to be throwing in all their reserves to bolster the Sixth Division's assault down the Chinju-Pusan highway.

U.S. defence line

The broad, shallow Nak-tong River encloses the 90-mile long beachhead on most of the Northern front held by the South Korean army, then bends sharply to the South and forms the Americans' Western defence line passing less than 10 miles West of Taegu.

Fifteen miles short of the Southern coast the gray-green Nak-tong again bends sharply to the East at its junction with the Nam River, 35 miles North West of Pusan and flows into the Korea Straits on the Western outskirts of Pusan.

Somewhere along the coastal plains East of Pusan the Yanks must make a stand across the rice paddy lowlands interlaced by fairly good highways. This is the route of the Communist drive to pinch off the beachhead supply line.

The terrain along the plain contains a few rolling hills but none of the rugged mountains that cover most of Central Korea.

On the East coast South Korean forces pushed on to the North after recapturing Yong-dok, 88 miles up the coast from Pusan, with the aid of big guns of an American cruiser and escorting destroyers.

A communique issued by the U.S. Eighth Army headquarters in Korea at 9 p.m. (11 a.m. GMT) said the only real fighting of the day was in the East and South coast areas, it said. The South Korean Third Division was still attacking against stubborn resistance to seize high ground North of Yongdok.

On the South coast, it said, Communists bombarded 24th Division units with heavy artillery and mortar fire. The bombardment was being followed at intervals by strong infantry assaults, the communique said.

"At last reports," the communique said, "friendly forces were still standing firm and had given no ground. During the morning some infiltration groups of North Koreans attacked a command post and some artillery positions but were driven back in each instance."

The 24th Division late yesterday and early today drove up the South coast heights 20 miles East of Chinju it had captured yesterday in the first American tank counter-attack of the war.

At the same time, the 24th Division units were reported to be holding firm.

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Red officers prefer suicide to U.S. capture

Tokyo, August 3.

North Korean officers have killed themselves, when threatened with capture by Americans, a senior United States officer said today.

The Americans had captured the rank of Second Lieutenant—and only four of those, he added.

United States forces were particularly anxious to capture a tank commander, but on the two or three occasions when this seemed likely the commanders committed suicide.

The average age of the prisoners was 22, any, captured early this year, had received only a brief training. This included political indoctrination.—Reuters.

The division fell back to within 30 to 35 miles of Pusan simultaneously with the withdrawal of other elements of the 24th Division, unspecified South Korean units and the First Cavalry Division on the east bank of the Nak-tong River along almost its entire North-South course.

The withdrawals compressed the United Nations beachhead to roughly 150 miles, and orders went out to hold the new line at all costs.

The spokesman for General MacArthur said the Communists are continuing their greatest effort on the Chinju-Pusan axis to sever communications and capture the ports of Masan, Chinhae and Pusan.

He said the Communists have two divisions and perhaps a part of a third in that area in an effort to press the campaign to a quick end before United States reinforcements become effective.

Heavy losses

The spokesman said the Communists have lost their preponderance of tank strength and that their heavy casualties were being replaced by untrained men. He said "As the tide turns the Communists losses will be felt more and more."

The Commander of the 24th Division which is holding a line two-thirds way between Masan and Chinju told United Press correspondent Robert Benayoff that in preparation for both defensive and offensive action all civilians had been cleared out of the area.

Any civilians found in this area would be arrested. If they do not halt for the police they would be shot because guerrillas and disguised Reds mixed with civilians have cost already too many American and South Korean lives.

Yesterday and today American and Korean Republic engineers reported they destroyed virtually all the Nak-tong River bridges and ferry boats. Still standing are the highway and rail bridges at Waegwan over which supplies must roll to the First Cavalry elements still holding forward positions in the direction of Chinju and Kumbon, which they described as a phase of retraining.

American and Australian fighter bombers strafed and set on fire Waegwan. But the Red held Waegwan and the river bridge.

destroyed thatched roof mud huts, which are North Koreans' favourite hiding places for tanks and other military equipment.

In the day with long fields of fire for infantry and close air and artillery support the defenders can make the Reds pay heavily for any frontal assault on the river line. But by night the sluggish river—as narrow as 100 yards and as shallow as five feet in some places—becomes a highway for stealthy infiltration by small bands of North Koreans.

Vital blows

On the Kum River line above Taegon, three weeks ago, this night-crossing parties regrouped behind the American lines and struck a vital blow against the 24th Division which had no effective reserves to throw in to plug the gaps.

Behind the Americans' Western front ran a series of fair, unpaved North-South roads and a few barely passable East-West trails through range after range of barren, rugged mountains.

The main North-South railroad from Pusan to Taegu passes through half a dozen tunnels extremely vulnerable to guerrilla demolition raids.

In this area rice farmers have extended their paddies up the steep slopes of mountains to get more production, but the ground is not very productive and residents of the area, in common with most Koreans, have an incredibly low standard of living.

West of the river the valleys range from 500 yards to three miles. The stream itself is as wide as 200 yards in some places with gravel banks—hard for vehicles to negotiate—extending beyond that.

In general the Nak-tong River picture is quite similar to the older, ill-fated Kum River line except now the United Nations have more men and more machines to back it up.—United Press.

Air strikes against factories

Tokyo, August 3.

General MacArthur's headquarters today announced the third air strike against North Korea, and said the results obtained were good.

The text of the communique follows: "The third major strike within five days against North Korean chemical and munitions manufacturing plants was made today when the U.S. Far East Air Forces B-29 bombers again dropped more than 400 tons of high explosive bombs."

Today's target was the large Bogun chemical plant in Korea, about three miles up river from the explosives factory almost totally destroyed by B-29's on July 30.

"One fourth of today's bombs was dropped visually and three-fourths by radar. Some flak was encountered, according to returning crews. The bombing results were generally good, they reported, and there were seen by some airmen through breaks in the clouds."

"This third strategic target in the industrial area was engaged primarily in the production of materials which munitions could be produced. United States bombers will continue to attack this area."

FLOODS IN HONAN PROVINCE

Honan province is suffering from its worst flood in 20 years according to the pro-Communist "Ta Kung Pao" yesterday.

The newspaper, in a report from Hankow, said that there are 740,000 flood refugees in the province and that some 4,140,000 mow of land is under water.

A total of 24,046 houses has been destroyed by flood water which have inundated 24 counties in the province. An area of 827,000 mow in Honan is also flooded; in Kwangtung, 199,000 mow; Hunan, 188,000 mow; Kiangsi, 40,000 mow; and in Central South China, 5,388,000 mow.

Renewed KMT air activity

Taipei, August 3.

For the second day running, Nationalist warplanes took off from Taiwan on missions to be attacks on guerrilla Red hideouts on this island or Quemoy.

The renewed air activity is generally believed to signify that General MacArthur gave his sanction to attacks on Red craft by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's warplanes though no one in official position would admit this. There is much speculation that MacArthur will not rely on the Seventh Fleet alone to safeguard Taiwan but will station United States air units on this island, the defence of which American and Nationalist China are now open allies.

If this speculation is correct, it is possible that several air bases on Taiwan might be put to exclusive use by American air units.

The statement by the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, that the United States is thinking of sending arms to the Nationalists to strengthen the defence of Taiwan, is believed, here to have followed specific recommendations on the subject by General MacArthur.

Meanwhile, Chinese quarters claiming to be in a position to know say that in the event of a new world war breaking out, the Chinese Reds have more than half a million troops ready to throw against Hong Kong.

An attack on the British Colony, they assert, could be mounted by the Reds within four hours of receiving a go-ahead from Moscow.

Such an attack, the sources say, would be timed with a full-scale Chinese push into South East Asia.

It is doubted, though, whether the Reds would simultaneously try to invade Taiwan, a venture which MacArthur "pled the opinion, would stand little chance of success."

Although Red spokesmen continue to speak about their determination to "liberate" Taiwan, Nationalist quarters point out that there is no mention of this in their latest communique.

Previously, the Reds used to boast they would conquer Taiwan some time this year.—Associated Press.

SOVIET ADVISORS MOVING SOUTH

An undetermined number of Soviet technicians working in Shanghai's Hungao area was evacuated last week for a Southern destination, according to a reliable report from Shanghai, reports Associated Press.

Informants said the group is believed to be heading for the Poochow-Amoy area across the straits from Taiwan, a point not that there is no mention of this in their latest communique.

The report added that according to "grapevine" information available in Shanghai, the technicians had been instructing Shanghai Red soldiers on the handling of Soviet-built guns and airplanes.—Associated Press.

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Colony blacked out last night for 20 minutes

Electric Co. refuses to explain breakdown

The entire island of Hong Kong—from North Point to Aberdeen and from West Point to Stanley—was plunged into darkness for more than 20 minutes last night when the electricity and power supply suddenly stopped at 8.20 p.m.

The Hong Kong Electric Company, when approached by the "China Mail" last night, refused to explain the breakdown in supply. A European official on duty at the North Point power plant said he was not authorised to make any statement, and added that the Company's head office would issue a statement on the sudden stoppage this morning.

The suspension of electricity supply affected almost every person on the island, except those who turned in for an early night.

Trains screeched to a stop in their tracks, lifts were suspended in their shafts, workmen's electric drills paused, pumps stopped pumping, dancing in the city's cabarets relaxed as air-conditioners and fans stopped and night office workers did their job by candle-light.

When darkness came on hundreds of people on their way home were caught aboard the trains, and most of them stayed on throughout the suspension of electricity supply anticipating that their journey would resume at any moment.

Thirty minutes after the lights went on again hundreds of people were still crowding the train islands along Des Voeux Road central to board the cars which for an hour afterward ran together in a row of five or six.

Extra buses
Meanwhile, a congestion was created at the vehicular ferry wharf where the China Motor Bus has its terminal, with hundreds of tram-commuters diverted there. Extra buses were added to the Happy Valley and Tseung Koon lines.

Lifts in many buildings were trapped and those in a hurry had to walk up or down several storeys. Lift operator Cheung Kim-hung, of Telephone House, reported that he was shut in for the entire period between the mezzanine and first floors.

Workmen with electric drills working on the tram tracks, outside the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank, stopped their work.

The electric pumps installed at the Bank of China building site to keep the excavated basement dry went dead, resulting in the flooding of the basement with more than six feet of water.

Workmen told the "China Mail" during Wednesday night's power stoppage there was at least 12 feet of water. Giant cranes used to lift steel beams to their positions, stopped also, the workmen said.

Restaurants carried on business as usual with candlelight although the Dairy Farm in the Windsor House closed its doors during the period of darkness.

At the Cheero Club, where more than a hundred service men and their lady friends paused for refreshments, candles were also used. The juke box and the fans went off.

"Romantic air"
"Candle lights lend a romantic air to the place but we don't want it to happen often," said a lady attendant of the Club.

At the movie houses fans wanted to know when the show would go on again. The managements of all theatres reported that their schedules were delayed for the duration of the breakdown.

They also reported that although their air-conditioning systems went dead, the theatres were kept cool by the opening of the fire exits, and that they continued to sell tickets during the blackout.

Dancing hostesses, getting bored while waiting for the lifts to bring up customers, danced to the tune of "Whispering in the Dark" in one night club.

Cable and Wireless had its own generator, said the transmission of messages was not affected.

CARDINAL DEAD
Rome, August 2.
Cardinal Luigi Lavitrani died today in Rome at the age of 79. The Cardinal had been ill for some days.

His death leaves 17 vacancies in the Sacred Colleges of Cardinals.
Pope Pius XII is expected to fill these vacancies, bringing the College up to its full strength of 70, at a Consistory late this year.

Cardinal Lavitrani resigned the Archbishopric of Palermo because of ill-health. The Cardinal was Prefect of the Sacred Congregation of Religions, which deals with all matters touching monasteries and convents.—Reuters.

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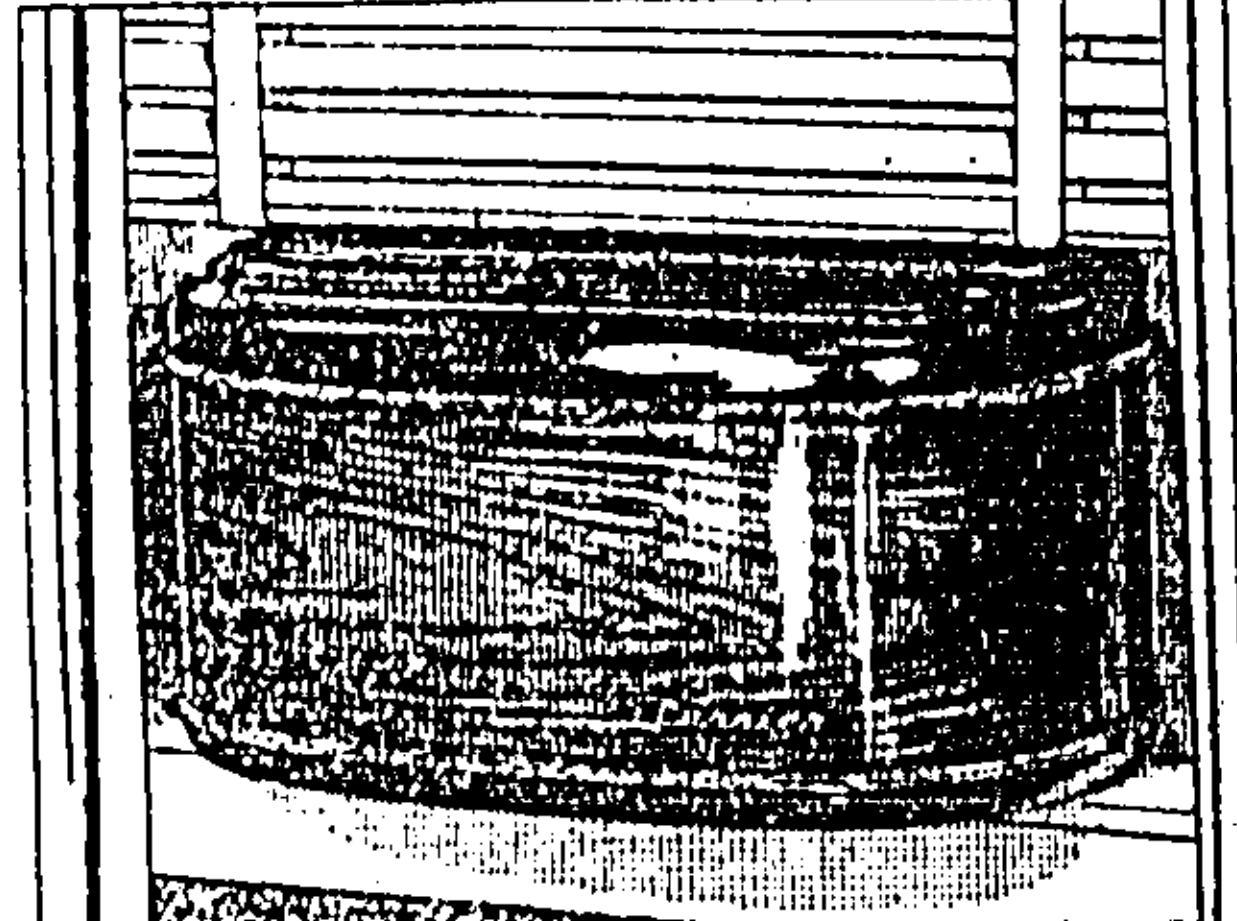
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INTERESTING TALK ON HONG KONG VOLUNTEERS

Starting where he had left off in his talk on the history of the Hong Kong Volunteers to the Kowloon Rotary Club some months ago, Mr. N. F. Tucker continued his informative talk on the subject at the Club's weekly luncheon at the Peninsula Hotel yesterday.

Entitled "Further Chapters in the History of the Volunteers," Mr. Tucker, who is a member of the Committee for the Compiling of the History of the Hong Kong Volunteers, reminded the Rotarians that the Corps was first formed in 1854 with the idea of assisting the regular forces in the defence of the Colony.

The speaker started the second instalment of his talk with the year 1878 when the Artillery Corps was formed as an adjunct to the regular forces. Enthusiasm for the Corps' growth was first shown by the public but soon all sorts of difficulties were encountered and there was a growing feeling of dissatisfaction.

The public felt that the government was doing not enough and accused the then Governor, Sir John Pope Hennessy, of neglect. The individual volunteer, they said, had to meet too much expenses himself. At a target practice, where seven-pound field guns were used, shells failed to burst.

The Colony's defence budget for 1878 was \$2,948.10. This was itemised as follows: Volunteers' drill instructors at \$200 per month for seven months, \$1,400; honorarium to commandant at \$100 per month, \$350; uniforms, \$331.14; buttons, \$83; and making of coats and trousers, \$61.02.

This dissatisfaction dragged on and on April 29, 1890, the "China Mail" in an editorial said: "Much has recently been said and written, officially and unofficially, concerning this important subject and a great deal

has been made of a possible Celestial Corps. But a ready and valuable means of defence is in our hands and the Government has failed to make the best use of it in its power. The Artillery Force is miserably deficient, and for fighting runs the Lancasters may be written down as zero. What is really required is official encouragement. The Government clothe them at a rate of about five dollars per head per annum, while in England nine shillings is allowed. They are armed with weapons never intended for artillery."

Re-organised

Eventually the Corps was re-organised. The Government was to pay for the ammunition, the Army was to provide the guns, and no man was to be enrolled unless certified by the surgeon as physically fit and officers were to be elected.

By March 1893 there were 71 active member Volunteers and 49 honorary members. The speaker said that discipline at this time, however, was still lax, for at a Volunteers' dinner the drill instructor told the men to refrain from talking and laughing in ranks.

Down through the years other units of the Corps were formed such as the Rifle Corps, the Ambulance Corps and the Machine-gun Corps.

The speaker concluded his talk with the part the Volunteers played in the pacification of the New Territories in the spring of 1899. In a despatch to the Secretary of State on September 15, 1899, Governor Blake said: "I think the Hong Kong Volunteers deserve credit for the large muster that was able to march off at 10.45 p.m. How the duty was performed the attached report will show. The result of the practical demonstration of the utility of the Force has been shown by the increase in the numbers of the Corps from 120 to 350 men. At their present strength, and constituted as they are, I agree with the Major General Commanding that the Hong Kong Volunteers form a valuable addition to the strength of the Garrison."

A vote of thanks to the speaker was proposed by Rotarian F. C. Cleme. Guests at the luncheon were John Wilkinson, G. A. Evans, C. Greaves, R. Lewis, D. E. Du Toit, J. D. Elliot-Daws, P. Smith, N. F. Tucker, J. Skinner and H. M. Parsons. Visiting Rotarians were D. B. Hill and G. B. Fryer.

CORRECTION

In the report of a case at Central Court, published in the "China Mail" yesterday, it was incorrectly referred to as "Tang, aged 30, manager of the China Travel Service." The name of the organisation in question is the Hong Kong and China Travel and Transport Service. Any inconvenience caused to the principals of the China Travel Service is much regretted.

Correspondence

The Editor takes no responsibility for views expressed in letters by correspondents, and by no means necessarily agrees with them.

MECHANICAL GADGET

Sir,—I am an assiduous reader of your paper, especially the Engineering Page. I have found out a number of mechanical gadgets which I wish to patent. I have tried to find out how to obtain it, but nobody seems to know anything about this. Could you please inform me of all the steps necessary to obtain a patent, at least, to obtain one in the U.K.?

Your etc.,
M. GIANCOVICI, D. Eng.
(Our correspondent should write to the Trade Marks and Patent Office in the Supreme Court—Ed.)

HONG KONG AND THE COLD WAR

Sir,—To avoid the tension in Hong Kong caused by the Communist cold war tactics, all residents should clearly understand the psychology of the Communists. They would never attack Hong Kong, for economic reasons. So long as it is being ruled by the British, they gain all the economic advantages they want. They need foreign exchange very badly—only here can they find an abundant supply. Here they can easily sell any quantity of commodities from the mainland for foreign exchange. From Hong Kong, too, they can buy any quantity of foreign commodities they need for industrial and military consumption. There is therefore no reason for Hong Kong merchants to be scared by their cunning cold war tactics, which simply prompt them to sell off cheaply the goods the Communists very badly want.

Once occupied by the Communists, Hong Kong would no longer be of any use to them. As it is, there is reason to doubt whether any ban on exports, even on oil, would be effective. The Communists are better strategists than the Japanese.

Moreover, their game is to do all they can to divide the Western Powers—that is one reason why the Russians returned to the Security Council. Stalin wants to conquer the whole of Asia with his trained paratroopers. It was a fatal mistake for America to abandon Nationalist China, for now Moscow has millions of trained men in China at her command. The South Korean crisis is simply the consequence of the Communist conquest of China. However, it is not too late for the Democratic Powers to stick together—yes to them that believe in the doctrine of isolation. Compromise with the atrocious aggressor will simply bring disaster upon itself.

It is deplorable that such an enlightened statesman as Pandit Nehru should have acted as he has done. If he is successful, can India escape the so-called liberation?

Yours, etc.,
A REAL CHINESE DEMOCRAT.

AUTHORITIES MUM ON SLOOP ATTACK

Hong Kong naval authorities would neither deny nor confirm local reports that a British sloop was attacked by shots fired from a Lingling Island on Wednesday. An unidentified naval craft, it had been reported, had a piece of shrapnel fall on the deck. Four shells, it was reported, fell about 50 yards off the British sloop.

Macao vernacular Press reports reaching the Colony yesterday said that Communist shore batteries and Nationalist ships were engaged in a gun duel off Lingling Island on Wednesday.

BALLROOM TO BE OPENED

The Tonnochy Ballroom, 8 Tonnochy Road, Wanchoi, will be officially opened at 8 p.m. today. Mr. A. Y. Chang and Mr. Chin Koon-ying invited a large gathering of friends and representatives of the press to a special cocktail party at the ballroom yesterday to celebrate the occasion.

The ballroom is easily accessible by ferry from Kowloon which lands only a few yards away from the ballroom. The Central Municipal Council Music is provided by a well-equipped band. The ballroom is harmoniously furnished.

Sudden demand for cotton yarn

A sudden demand from Pakistan for cotton yarn and certain items of cotton cloth, coupled with heavy hoarding by speculators, has sent prices for these two commodities up by 20 per cent and more during the last seven days.

The market has been secured for available ready stock and holders, taking advantage of the situation, have been raising their prices daily, sometimes several times a day, without deterring buyers.

The hoarding fever started as a result of the world situation and fear of war. Not so long ago all their eggs in the same basket, hoarders are reported to have shipped portions of their stocks to Macao or further abroad for safe custody.

The rise in price of cotton yarn has affected manufacturing cost of cotton knitted goods and textiles, and manufacturers have all increased the prices of their finished products.

KMT PLANE SHOT DOWN

A KMT plane was shot down by a Communist anti-aircraft gun on July 29. The plane was a C-47 type, and was carrying a large number of passengers and cargo. The plane was shot down near the border of the Communist zone.

Taxation officer gets six months

As the result of a Police raid on the Inland Revenue Office in December last year, Chui Yiu-lok, aged 30, a taxation officer of the Department, resigned the next day and left for Canton. However, he returned to the Colony a few days ago and was arrested by the Police on Wednesday.

This was related by Detective Sub-Inspector H. Tyler to the Court yesterday when Chui was charged before Mr. J. Reynolds on three counts of forgery of Inland Revenue documents.

Chui pleaded guilty to all three charges and was sentenced to six months. The charges against Chui were that on February 15, 1949 he forged an Inland Revenue application for personal assessment form No. 76 in the name of Jay Shi-hung of 2, March Road, second floor; that on March 3, 1949, he forged an Inland Revenue personal assessment form No. 65 in the name of Low Shi-lung and forging an Inland Revenue document repayment claim form No. 75 in the name of Low Shi-hung.

Inspector Tyler said that Chui was employed as a taxation officer in the Inland Revenue Department, and came to know the signature of the manager of the Chung King Firm, now-manufacturers. In 1947, Defendant helped Chung to prepare his Return for that year; and was paid HK\$30.

The following year Defendant again approached Chung but refused to file a Return as he thought of the money. Defendant now, Chung and was told that the HK\$30 paid him for helping in the Return the year before was included in the accounts book of the firm.

Defendant became afraid that the accounts book was checked by the department and would find out that he had taken money for helping in the Return of the year before.

For satisfying a wish to work from a woman teacher in Tai Po, Chui was unemployed, and was a member of the same for some time at Kowloon.



Patrol-Second
YUE CHUNG-KWONG

Posthumous presentation to Boy Scout

Posthumous presentation of the Boy Scouts' Cornwell Badge will be made to the father of Patrol-Second Yue Chung-Kwong, 16th Hong Kong (Wah Yan) Group, on Sunday. Young Yue died at the Queen Mary Hospital on July 5 before the arrival of the Badge.

The Badge will be presented to the boy's father, Mr. Yue Nin-chao, at the Morse Hut at 5.30 p.m. The award was made in recognition of the Boy Scouts' Association of Yue's keenness in Scouting.

Yue fell ill last year. However, he carried out Scouting in the normal manner until April this year when he was compelled to enter Queen Mary Hospital for treatment and rest.

Despite his illness, his keen interest in Scouting did not waver. He invited fellow Scouts to visit him and discuss Scouting matters in hospital.

His condition became worse on July 4 and he died the following day. He was buried at the Roman Catholic Cemetery.

Revenue of KCR

Revenue totalling nearly HK\$1,000,000 was earned by the British Section of the Kowloon-Canton Railway, between June 16 and July 15, according to the July report of the General Manager of the British Section.

The figure was HK\$817,543 (passenger: HK\$574,619; goods: HK\$163,584; and miscellaneous receipts: HK\$79,340).

In the month under review, 20 covered goods wagons were received. Double-width signalling mechanism was installed at Yau Mei Station on July 31. The previous mechanism was removed during the Japan occupation period.

The report added that portions of the Shumshun Railway Bridge, formerly covered with expanded metal, were replaced with wooden planks to provide additional sidewalks.

EXTRADITION PROCEEDINGS

Extradition proceedings against Fan Hai man, alias Hillman Fan, aged 29, a wireless operator residing at 399 Hennessy Road, first floor, commenced before Mr. J. Reynolds at Central yesterday.

The Hong Kong Police are holding Fan in custody in connection with the alleged murder of Pang Lai-han, a Chinese woman, whose nude body was found in a bath-tub at the Central Hotel, Macao, on June 26.

The Macao Authorities are making the application for extraditing Fan to Macao. Detective Sub-Inspector C.A.A. Nicol of the Homicide Squad proceeded while Mr. P. J. Lam appeared for the fugitive. Mr. Y. H. Chan is holding a watching brief for deceased's family.

Mr. Hugo C. Vieira of the Portuguese Consulate was sworn in as interpreter. The first witness called by Inspector Nicol was Leung Kwong, a room boy of the Central Hotel in Macao. Leung told the Court that he had been employed about a month before June 26 and he was on duty at 7.15 p.m. on June 25, when a Chinese man and woman came to the ninth floor and rented a room.

Leung said that he had taken the couple to room No. 121. He noticed that between them they carried a brown paper parcel and a small rattan basket.

He left them in the room and went to prepare tea for them and at the same time he asked another room boy, Chiu Wing, to register them. Leung said that the man wore a white Chinese-style suit while the woman wore a red dress with printed black flowers on it. At about 10.15 p.m. he saw the man leave the room and go downstairs.

Leung added that he went off duty at midnight and when he returned to work the next day at 10 a.m. he was informed of certain things which had happened while he was away. At 3 p.m. on June 30, he was visited by a Chinese who produced some photographs and was told to see if he could recognise anyone. In one of the photos he saw the man who had rented room 121 on the night of June 25.

Leung then identified the man as the Fan, who was in the Dock. Leung also told the Court that he went to the hospital Central Corde de Sao Jan Barlo on June 27 where he identified the body of a woman lying in the mortuary as that of the woman who had come to the Central Hotel with a man and rented room 121 on June 25.

Cross-examined by Mr. Lam, Leung said that although he had only been working at a room boy for about a month before the middle of June he had a good memory and could remember a patient's face as it was his duty to do so in connection with his work.

He also denied that he had seen something strange in the behaviour of the woman when they came to rent the room. The second witness called by Inspector Nicol was Dr. Elsa Maria Jose de Sena Fernandes of the Central Corde de Sao Jan Hospital.

Dr. Fernandes said that she was present when the first witness, a Police Inspector and another Chinese man identified the body of the woman in the mortuary on June 27. After the identification, she conducted a post-mortem on the body and her findings were:

Caustic burns
The deceased woman was about 30 years of age and the body was dressed in a hospital gown. There were dressings on the head and when they were removed brown stains were found. The hair on her head, especially on the right side was burnt and there were her eyes, ears, nose and part of her face by some caustic substance. The right side of her neck was also burnt and the brown stains covered the neck and head.

There were no signs of burns or injuries on the lower part of her body. Inside the mouth, the skin had peeled and the enamel of the teeth had been eaten away by some caustic fluid.

On performing an autopsy on the stomach it was found that the stomach and other internal organs were covered with blood. In her opinion, said Dr. Fernandes, death was caused by some caustic or corrosive acid being forced down the throat.

ALUMINIUMWARE
Small pieces of aluminiumware were found in the stomach. These were pieces of aluminiumware which had been found in the stomach of the deceased woman.

SNATCHER GAOLED
For snatching a wrist watch from a woman teacher in Tai Po, a 20-year-old unemployed man, named Kwok, was sentenced to 12 months in prison.

THE EVERGREEN
The Evergreen, a 100-ton ship, was found to be carrying a large quantity of illegal goods.

Personalia

Mr. and Mrs. Suel, Mr. and Mrs. Lazarus, and Mr. V. G. Schollett left Hong Kong for Bangkok yesterday by the ss. Hal Meng.

The Reverend Mr. F. F. Wu, Mrs. D. H. M. Wu, Messrs. Alfred P. Ho, C. J. Wang, and Miss Y. S. Ko arrived in Hong Kong from Vancouver yesterday by Canadian Pacific Air Lines.

Among the arrivals from Japan by Canadian Pacific Airlines yesterday were Mrs. M. Y. Tong, Messrs. M. Livingston, N. L. Ma, C. M. Tong, C. W. Raydon and M. C. Tsai.

WEDDING

Lance-Corporal James Collins, Drage, 40 Division Signal and Catering Corps, and Miss Hong Shuk-tong, of 1229 Canton Road, second floor, were married at the Supreme Court Marriage Registrar's Office yesterday. W. R. Weddington and Tong Chuk-wah were witnesses.

NEXT CHANGE

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MIKE (JOHN CUMMINGS)

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GINGER (MAURICE HYNODS)

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PLUMMER (BILLY GOODWIN)

ROBERT CURRYNGS (BRIAN DONOVAN)

"Heaven Only Knows"

THE EVERGREEN

CLOSING ADDRESS TO JURY BY SILVA'S DEFENCE COUNSEL Crown Counsel to speak

Mr. Leo d'Almada, KC, counsel for Marcus A. da Silva, solicitor, in his closing address to the jury yesterday put forward suggestions that the disappearance of Shek-kwai Tam, film director being tried for conspiracy in absentia with Mr. Silva, was consistent with his own guilt in conspiracy with other persons, and not with Mr. Silva.

At the conclusion of Mr. d'Almada's speech yesterday evening, Mr. E. H. Williams, Acting Chief Justice, adjourned hearing until 10 a.m. today, when Mr. A. Hooton, Crown Counsel, will address the jury, after which Mr. Justice Williams will sum up the case.

Both accused are alleged to have conspired with other persons unknown to procure false evidence from William Henry Cowie, driving school instructor, in connection with a manslaughter case pending in May, in which Miss Cheung Dik-chen, movie actress, was involved in a motor accident in which a cyclist was killed.

Mr. H. G. Sheldon, KC, Mr. d'Almada and Mr. D. A. L. Wright, instructed by Mr. d'Almada, are counsel for Mr. Silva.

Before the second accused disappeared three days ago, he was represented by Mr. John McNeill, KC, and Mr. S. V. Gittins, instructed by Mr. C. Y. Kwan.

The prosecutor, Mr. Hooton, is assisted by Mr. L. R. Andrews, Crown Solicitor.

The first defence witness yesterday was Mr. J. D. Chen, proprietor of the Union Syndicate, an import and export firm with its office in the Stock Exchange Building. He testified that he came to the Colony in April 1934 from Shanghai, where he had lived before. He was principal shareholder and general manager of the Union Warehouse Incorporated, Shanghai.

Witness said in evidence that since his arrival here, Mr. Silva has acted on his behalf on property matters, notably in the purchase of his present house and another house at 108, The Peak.

As to the Mr. Chen connected with the present case, Mr. Chen said he knew him as Choy Lau since 1932, when he first met him

in Shanghai. Mr. Choy was at the time Inspector of Police of Shanghai.

Toward the earlier part of May this year, he went on, he met Mr. Choy at D'Agillar Street. A conversation developed, and witness took Mr. Choy to his own club. Shortly after that occasion, Mr. Choy rang him up. As a result of what Mr. Choy told him, he turned round to Mr. Silva at his office, but was unsuccessful in contacting him.

On May 7, witness continued, he managed to arrange an interview with Mr. Silva for Mr. Choy at one o'clock on the morning of the next day. The appointment was kept, and he introduced Mr. Silva and Mr. Choy to one another. There was also another person present named T. Y. Lee.

Talk with accused

Mr. Choy then had a talk with the first accused, in the course of which he asked him to defend in a case connected with one Miss Cheung, involved in a motor accident. Mr. Choy then informed Mr. Silva further of the details of the accident in question. He mentioned also that the woman involved was a competent driver, but that she was only the holder of a learner's driving licence, which had expired.

Mr. Chen further stated that Mr. Choy spoke then of the names "Harris and Cowie." Mr. Choy mentioned that they had been quite a number of persons who had taught Miss Cheung in driving—some Chinese and a European.

At this juncture, witness went on, Mr. Silva asked for the name of the European concerned, and Mr. Choy replied that Mr. Silva asked first accused that if he was willing to contact Mr. Cowie, the latter would be prepared to make out a statement as evidence on behalf of the girl.

Two days after this interview, witness said he phoned up Mr. Silva again. He told first accused that since he had brought him this business, he would ask him to buy a present for his girl valued at \$1,000. Mr. Silva agreed to this proposal.

On the 17th, he invited Mr. Silva to a dinner party at his club at 181 D'Agillar Street, second floor. Mr. Choy was also present at the dinner. There, Mr. Silva was introduced to the second accused.

Mr. Silva, however, did not stay long at the place, as he became ill and had to leave.

Mr. Chen went on to say that he subsequently met Mr. Choy about five or six days after. As a result of the conversation between them, witness said he went to Mr. Silva's office about midnight and told first accused that he felt he had some responsibility over Mr. Choy after having introduced the latter to him.

Silva warned

Witness said he warned Mr. Silva that he should take precautions of the witnesses that might be brought to him by Mr. Choy in connection with Miss Cheung's case. First accused expressed surprise at this information.

Witness stated that the further he heard to say more about the matter, but that he felt suspicious of Mr. Choy. First accused said he would check up on this, adding that if he should discover anything irregular he would withdraw from the case.

Crown Counsel then asked witness if he was an opium smoker by any chance, to which Mr. Chen replied in the negative. Questioned on the mentioning of the names "Harris and Cowie" during the interview between Mr. Silva and Mr. Choy, witness asserted that his recollection of that interview was clear, and that the two names remained in his memory ever since.

Counsel: I suggest to you that the name of Cowie was never mentioned in the interview.

Witness: I heard it.

I suggest that you have come along deliberately to give false evidence in this Court. As a citizen of Hong Kong, I feel it incumbent upon me to come forward and tell the Court and jury of what I saw and heard.

Mr. Chen explained that he would not do what Crown Counsel had suggested he did, even if he were presented with a large sum of money.

Asked what he had to warn Mr. Silva about witness brought back Mr. Choy, witness replied that he had no more to say about this case.

however, that they were not "close friends."

Questioned further as to what made him suspicious of Mr. Choy, Mr. Chen said when he met Mr. Choy at the junction of Queen's Road Central and Pedder Street on the day in question, he asked Mr. Choy how Miss Cheung's case was going on.

Willing to pay

Mr. Choy had replied that he was very busy the last few days trying to get hold of witnesses for the defence, and expressed his willingness even to pay them for their evidence.

Witness said he did not believe in Mr. Silva's contents of the conversation between him and Mr. Choy because Mr. Choy and he were friends, and he did not want to criticize him behind his back.

The jury then put forth a question whether witness remembered whether mention was made of the school Mr. Cowie was running at the interview between Mr. Silva and Mr. Choy. Mr. Chen answered that, though it was mentioned at the time, he could not remember the name.

Mr. Justice Williams then remarked as to why witness did not say anything when he was told by Mr. Choy about him being willing to pay witnesses, to which witness stated that he had appointments to keep that day he was not very interested in what was said, but just nodded to Mr. Choy and walked his way.

The next witness was Ma San-pul, of 7 Luard Road, third floor, typist employed at Mr. Silva's office since 1935. He testified having answered a phone call on June 2 at the office shortly after 2 p.m.

The voice at the other end of the line identified himself as "Mr. Cowie," witness continued. The voice asked to speak to "Mr. Lo." Witness told that there was nobody in the office by that name, the voice asked for "Marcus da Silva." As first accused was absent, witness said he told this to the person at the other end of the line.

The voice then said that he had an appointment with Mr. Lo in connection with a manslaughter case, and that it had been arranged for 7 p.m. that evening. It further said that if he wanted Mr. Lo to be informed that the appointment would be changed to 5 p.m. The place of the appointment was mentioned as the "Zinc Hotel."

After agreeing with the voice's request, he put down the receiver and eventually got hold of the file relating to the manslaughter case, which at the time was the only such case pending. He tried to find the name of the client concerned, but could only find the address and phone number—Cecil Hotel, No. 34083. There was no surname "Lo" to be found, but only that of Mr. Choy.

Witness said he then rang up the hotel in question and asked Mr. Choy. A voice replied that the latter was out, and stated that only one "Mr. Tam" was in. Witness then asked to speak to Mr. Tam.

Mr. Ma went on to say that he then asked to speak to Mr. Tam, and the voice identified himself as Mr. Tam. Witness told the voice that he wanted to tell Mr. Choy something, to which the voice enquired whether it was in relation to a motor accident. On being told in the affirmative, the voice replied: "It would be all right to tell me."

Witness said he passed on the message to the person at the end of the line and asked him to pass it to Mr. Choy to inform the "Mr. Lo."

At this stage, Mr. Ma asserted that apart from this episode, he had nothing else to do with this particular case.

Under cross-examination, witness denied he knew Mr. Lo, and Mr. Tam were the same person in this matter.

After Mr. Ma's evidence, the jury asked the Court whether Mr. Silva was told by Mr. Cowie the name of his landlord. In the witness box for this purpose, first accused said the impression he got was that Mr. Cowie was the sub-tenant of a principal tenant, who was tenant probably of Credit Foncier.

Closing speech

After a five-minute adjournment, Mr. d'Almada delivered his closing speech to the jury. He told the members it was unfortunate that by the rules of practice and procedure, Counsel for the Crown follows his closing address to the jury. It was unfortunate, however, that it was necessary for him to anticipate the points which Crown Counsel is going to make, he added.

Before he turned to the facts, Mr. d'Almada said he would first deal with that end of the case for the Crown, which was made by Mr. Sheldon, KC, and Mr. Wright, KC, who were assisted by Mr. Hooton, Crown Counsel.

Dealing with the evidence of

defence, which contention was not admitted by the Court.

Counsel went on to say that he felt it his duty to point out that despite the opinion of Mr. Justice Williams there was some opinion on the whole upon which it was the jury's duty to pass judgment. He was therefore not in a position to withdraw the case from your hands," he added.

Turning to the case proper, Mr. d'Almada told the jury that right at the forefront of his submission is the fact that there is no evidence whatsoever of a hint of conspiracy between Mr. Silva and Mr. Tam or any hint of conspiracy between Mr. Silva and any person or persons unknown.

Insofar as any other persons are concerned, counsel went on, he would invite the Acting Chief Justice to direct the jury that, because in the first place this peculiar mention was made by Mr. Choy in his opening, the second reference to this was made by Mr. Hooton when he suggested the possibility that Mr. Choy, the last witness, might be one of the "persons unknown."

Mr. d'Almada stated that quite clearly there is no evidence whatsoever before the jury of any other persons unknown being involved in the conspiracy alleged.

Pointing out that the charge against both accused specifically involves them and the "persons unknown," counsel told the jury that they were concerned with this point, and no other. Even if they found that Mr. Silva himself did approach Mr. Cowie in the way the Crown has suggested, which he submitted they could not, on the evidence—this is not sufficient to find Mr. Silva guilty of the charge against him.

Counsel here told the jury that the judge will acquit them of the charge of conspiracy if they find that Mr. Silva is guilty in the course of his summing-up, they were entitled to disregard the judge's opinion, if in their opinion they believe Silva otherwise.

Burden of proof

"The burden of proof rests on the prosecution," Mr. d'Almada went on. "It is incumbent on the accused to prove that he is innocent. The prosecution has to prove beyond reasonable doubt that the accused is guilty before he can be convicted."

Mr. d'Almada said that if the accused's story raises a reasonable doubt in the minds of a jury as to his guilt, then it cannot be said that they have not been completely satisfied of his guilt by the prosecution.

Turning to the question of credibility in the present case, counsel stated: "Ask yourselves whether or not it is safe to convict anybody on any offence on the evidence of Cowie."

"What do you know of Cowie?" A police officer kicked out of the police force for taking a bribe. A man who takes to vindictive measures by bringing an action against a government official for wrongful dismissal, and who has the temerity to allege in the action that the \$50 bribe was in fact planted on him by two senior police officers.

"The question as to which side was committing perjury was raised in the action: Cowie or Mr. Johnston and Mr. Shafrin. That was the issue placed before the special jury by the judge. The answer came back: the perjury was Cowie's."

Counsel further stated that Mr. Cowie starts off as a taker of bribes and a liar as the first witness of the prosecution. The jury, he said, will recall that in answer to Mr. Sheldon's questions under cross-examination Mr. Cowie admitted to the special jury that he is "of the same kind of veracity" as that given in the action brought by him which failed.

"And I submit you should treat this in the same way as the other jury treated the evidence given by Cowie in his action," he added.

Mr. d'Almada then dealt briefly with some aspects of the evidence concerned, in the course of which he asked the jury whether in the light of his submission they could say Cowie was a reliable witness.

Turning to the part of the evidence which shows that a defence witness (Ma d'Almada Remond, alias of an arrested clerk at Silva's office) went to Mr. Cowie's place on one occasion with a card bearing a message from her brother about an appointment, Mr. d'Almada declared that when Mr. Cowie is asked by her brother in Court why he has not seen her before.

Second thoughts

After his evidence, however, he goes home and thinks it over, counsel went on. Then he tells himself: "I cannot let the jury think I told a lie" so he comes back the next day and says he remembers seeing her before. Counsel said that he would not say that Mr. Cowie's evidence is reliable.

Dealing with the evidence of

British soldiers charged at Central

Three British soldiers, all drivers of the Royal Army Service Corps, appeared before Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central Magistracy yesterday charged with robbery.

They are Brian Rymell, aged 19, of Somerset, Norman Barlow, aged 24, of Warwickshire, and Thomas Ronald Rylands, aged 19, of Liverpool.

Reminders

- Today**
- Swimming Gala, European YMCA, NAAFI Club, dance, 8 p.m.
 - Union Jack Club, dance, 8 p.m.
 - Nine Dragons Services Club, tombola, 7.30 p.m.
 - HK Football Association League Management Committee-meeting, Prince's Bldg., 5.30 p.m.
 - Air Force Club, Friday, 7 p.m.; Saturday, 8 p.m.
 - 2nd D. Davies, CBE, Edinburgh House, 12.45 p.m.
- Coming events**
- TOMORROW**
- Cheero Services Club, tombola, 7.30 p.m.
 - NAAFI Club, tombola, 7.30 p.m.
 - Nine Dragons Services Club, tombola, 7.30 p.m.
 - Posthumous award of Boy Scouts Cornwall Badge to Yue Chung-kwong, Morse Hut, 5.30 p.m.
 - Classical Concert, Toc H, 50, Macdonnell Road, 8.30 p.m.
 - Nine Dragons Services Club, gramophone recital, 7 p.m.; film: "Suspicion" 8 p.m.
 - NAAFI Club, snooker tournament, 7.30 p.m.
 - Kowloon Bowling Green Club, Golden Jubilee celebration, 4.30 p.m.
- MONDAY**
- French Society of Literature and Art, piano recital by Louise Meyer, The Garden, 21K, Hotel, 9 p.m.
 - European YMCA, White Drive, 8.30 p.m.
 - Union Jack Club, tombola, 7.45 p.m.

Not guilty plea at Central

Charged before Mr. J. Reynolds yesterday with possession of 70 pounds of raw opium near the Wanchai Ferry Wharf, Gloucester Road on July 15, Wang Ying, 38-year-old Chinese woman, pleaded not guilty through her defending Counsel, Mr. A. J. Arcull.

Revenue Inspector D. Knox prosecuted that on information received on August 14, a party of Chinese Revenue Officers stationed themselves at the "Donkey Pier" at 4 a.m. on July 15. At about 6.30 a.m. a sampan arrived alongside the Praya wall and a Chinese got off and entered a shop opposite the pier. After a few minutes he returned to the sampan and a minute or so later defendant came out and approached the sampan.

The Revenue Officers saw defendant receive two packages from someone in the sampan and then the started to return to the shop where the two packages.

"She was stopped in the roadway by the Revenue Officers who asked her what was in the package but she could only reply 'Yam Chan' (drink tea)."

The packages were opened and the opium found inside. She was then taken to the Trade and Commerce Department office in Fire Brigade Building and charged.

Several Revenue Officers were called to the witness box to give evidence of defendant's arrest, after which the case was adjourned until today.

MOTOR JUNK MASTER FINED

On two charges of attempting to export 21 drums of fuel oil, a prohibited commodity, and carrying unmanifested cargo, Fung Chuen, master of motor junk No. 5837, was fined \$4,000 by Mr. F. J. d'Almada at Kowloon yesterday.

When the police boarded defendant's junk off Shek Kau Chau on Wednesday they found the fuel oil, 14 crates of apples, 10 cartons of baking powder, two bags of soiled vegetables and a box of soiled vegetables. With the exception of the fuel oil, which defendant said was for his own use, all other goods were ordered confiscated by the Magistrate.

UNEMPLOYED SENTENCED

Pleading guilty to a charge of obtaining money by false pretences, Yau Kiu-sun, alias "Hap," unemployed, sentenced by Mr. Winter at Kowloon yesterday to three months' imprisonment and ordered to be expelled.

Defendant, who was arrested on July 26, was alleged to have obtained \$30, 1975 and \$55 from three persons by pretending that he could get them jobs with the Royal Air Force. He submitted his promise he was said to have secured identity cards for them.

Inquiries made by the police disclosed that defendant was wanted for other similar offences.

They were charged with robbing a Chinese girl, Li Ling, of her handbag containing personal effects valued at \$21, near the Hong Kong Hotel Garage, Stubbs Road, at 9.50 p.m. on May 24.

The prosecution was conducted by Inspector Pope for the Police. All accused denied the charge.

Outlining the case for the prosecution, Inspector Pope said on the night of May 24 a courting couple was in Stubbs Road, near the Hong Kong Hotel Garage, when they saw a military van pass. Two European men left the van, and approached the couple. It is alleged that both the man and the girl were struck, and the girl's handbag snatched away.

The man noticed the number of the van, and through it the Police traced the van to the RASC depot at Causeway Bay. The van was searched by the Police and three ladies hair clips were found in it. They were claimed by the girl as belonging to her.

Giving evidence for the prosecution, Sgt. Sit-teen, aged 33, said he is a salesman of the Sun Fung Watch Shop, 410, Hennessy Road. He went for a walk with his fiancée, Li Ling, along Stubbs Road, on the night of May 24.

A military van approached them, when the driver of the couple, it is alleged, that both the man and the girl were struck, and the girl's handbag snatched away.

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Fall blow

Suddenly he felt a blow on the nape of his neck. He turned round and saw the European. The girl was also struck by the other European.

Nothing was taken from his person, but his fiancée had her handbag snatched away. She cried out, and witness tried to grapple with her attacker, but he was flung off.

Their two attackers ran back to the van and drove off. Another European man was driving.

On the following day, at an identification parade, he picked out the second defendant.

After the girl had given corroborative evidence, hearing was adjourned to 2.30 p.m. today.

Fined for possessing opium

Arrested after a Police raid when 100 tablets of prepared opium were found in his room at 1 a.m. on August 1, Chau Yat-kong, aged 62, was fined \$10,000 or 12 months by Mr. J. Reynolds at Central yesterday.

Inspector H. B. J. Brown said that a Police party with Sub-Inspector C. L. Smith in charge raided the Tung Shan Hotel at 1 a.m. on August 1. On entering the 69 on the fifth floor, Inspector Smith found several copper tubes about 16 inches long lying on the floor. One of them was hot to the touch. Inspector Smith also noticed that an electric light plug had been dismantled from its socket and that wiring of the floor was an electric soldering iron.

Further search of the room revealed 100 tablets of opium hidden in various places.

Chau said that the opium did not belong to him and that a friend had asked him to place the opium in the tubes and solder them up.

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STRAIGHT with LOREAL'S
SPECIAL LOTION at \$15-\$20.
Boten's Beauty Salons.

DRESSES and Blouses (all kinds
of materials) at competitive prices
— from HK\$18.00 up. Satisfaction
guaranteed. Inspection cordially
invited at Long Kee Ladies Tailor
31D Nathan Road Kowloon.

RADIO REPAIRS performed by
trained technicians under foreign
supervision. Modern, accurate
methods—no guesswork. Repairs
include cleaning and checking
chassis. Moderate rates, reliable
work. Our reputation is your
guarantee. Phone 26310, and
we'll do the rest. Colonial
Agencies, 23rd Building, 14
Queen's Road.

CARPETS & RUGS—Genuine
Peking and Tientsin, lovely de-
signs and colorings, various sizes
come and inspect at The China
Rug Co., Kowloon Building, 4th
Floor (Opposite Hong Kong
Hotel) Queen's Road, Central.

LADIES, we have at your service
all specialized operations for
Hetero, Curly, cool waves,
machineless oil perms, hairdyes &
manicure—ROSE MARIE Beauty
Parlour—Phone 50384—43, Han-
kew Road, Kowloon.

CLASSIFIED
ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE
SWINDON BOOK STORE, 25
NATHAN ROAD, TEL. 59327.

CAT WANTED

SIAMESE CAT (male) wanted.
Preferably over 12 months but no
objection Kitten. Reply Box 599
"China Mail."

TO LET

ENGLAND—COMFORTABLE
HOME. The Hale, Newnham-on-
Severn, Glos. 250 acres grounds
and woodlands. Panoramic views.
Bordering Royal Forest of Dean.
Large mansion converted into
modern self-contained flats. Elec-
tricity (main) throughout. H &
C water, central heating; furnis-
ed from 3½ guineas per week.
Own farm and garden produce.
Transport, domestic help avail-
able. Resident nannie can take
children off parents' hands. Good
centre for boarding and day
schools. Half-hourly buses to
Gloucester, Cheltenham, Chep-
stow, South Wales, easily accessi-
ble. Frequent trains to London.
No queues. Grocer, Butcher, Baker
etc. deliver. Hunting, riding, rough
shooting, fishing, swimming, tennis
in vicinity. Television installed.
Reservations/inquiries to Kingsley,
The Hale, Newnham, Glos.

TO LET fully furnished two-
three rooms apartments including
Dining Room, Large Verandah,
Servants Quarters, Kitchen, Bath-
room, Refrigerator, Electric Cooker,
Hot/Cold Water, etc. Also single
furnished rooms. Direct King's/-
North Point Roads. No key
money. Rent only. Apply to Luna
Park Apartments, rental office,
225 King's Road.

SMALL self-contained flat, bath
and kitchen. No key money.
\$400.00 rent. 8, Thin-yuen Street,
Happy Valley.

FOR SALE

TAMARA MAY, Air Conditioned
Salon, 302 Hong Kong Hotel also
at 503 Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon.
Summer Sale. Day, Cocktail and
Evening Dresses etc., etc. Also
American Summer Wedge Heel
Shoes at \$30.00 per pair.

TWO small size Fur Coats perfect
condition & reasonable price.
Telephone 57687.

DRESSES: Latest variety of ready
made Summer Dresses from
\$20.00 up. Just arrived Linen-
Raw Silk, Bear Buckler, Inspection
welcomed. Orders taken, Kee
Zang Co. No. 32 Nathan Road,
Kowloon, Tel. 50698.

CONVENIENT EASY Way to own
a New Pilot Radio. Whether you
need a bedside model, large table
model, or luxury radiogram—we
have a "Pilot" to suit. Terms as
low as only \$20 per month. Colonial
Agencies, 23rd Building, 14
Queen's Road. Phone 26310.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL (Re-
vised edition) at \$3.00 per copy.
Obtainable at all Leading Book
Stores and "China Mail" Office.

SCRIBBLING PAD—100 pages
at 50 cents each. On sale at
"China Mail" Office, Windsor
House, Tel. 32312.

NOTICE

DOLLAR DIRECTORY
(1951 EDITION)

WILL ALL FIRMS, GOVERN-
MENT, CLUBS, SCHOOLS,
ETC. KINDLY REWIRE
THEIR COPIES AND
RETURN TO THE NEWS-
PAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.,
WINDSOR HOUSE, WITH-
OUT FURTHER DELAY.

THE KOWLOON MOTOR BUS CO.,
(1933) LTD.

NOTICE

NEW BUS ROUTE

IT IS HEREBY ANNOUNCED that the opening of the
undermentioned New Bus Route will take place as from
August 3, 1950.

NO. 3 ROUTE—Jordan Road Ferry and Kowloon City
Via—Jordan Road, Nathan Road, Waterloo Road,
Boundary Street and Prince Edward Road.

SCALE OF FARES

Jordan Rd. Ferry and jct. of Waterloo Rd. & Peace Ave.	10 cts.
Jordan Rd. Ferry and jct. of Pr. Edward Rd. & Waterloo Rd.	20 cts.
Jordan Rd. Ferry and Kowloon City	20 cts.
Jct. of Waterloo Rd. & Peace Ave. and jct. of Pr. Edward Rd. & Waterloo Rd.	10 cts.
Jct. of Waterloo Rd. & Peace Ave. and Kowloon City ..	20 cts.
Jct. of Pr. Edward Rd. & Waterloo Rd. and Kowloon City	10 cts.

TIME SCHEDULES

Dept. Kowloon City	Dept. Jordan Rd. Ferry
6.03 a.m. to 6.27 a.m.	6.24 a.m. to 6.48 a.m.
Service: Every 12 minutes	
6.39 a.m. to 11.21 p.m.	7.00 a.m. to 11.42 p.m.
Service: Every 6 minutes	
11.27 p.m. to 12.39 a.m.	11.48 p.m. to 1.00 a.m.
Service: Every 12 minutes	

THE KOWLOON MOTOR BUS CO., (1933) LTD.,
W. S. T. LOUEY,
General Manager.

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

King's Building (2nd floor) 9 Connaught Rd., Hong Kong.

Real Estate
Brokers
and
Valuers

TO LET ON PEAK

Newly completed 5 room apartment with
semi-detached garage, quiet and
peaceful. \$1,200 month inclusive.

Telegrams:
"Harriman"
Toll 51225

NOTICE TO MARINERS
NO. 30 OF 1950.

HONG KONG WATERS.

The following Notices to
Mariners are hereby cancell-
ed:—

1949. No. 8.
1950. Nos. 8, 9, 12, 15, 19, 20,
23, 24(T), 26(T)
and 29(T).

Authority — Marine Depart-
ment, Hong Kong.

J. JOLLY,
DIRECTOR OF
MARINE.

Marine Office,
Hong Kong.
August 3, 1950.

DEPARTMENT OF
COMMERCE
& INDUSTRY
NOTICE

This Department will be
closed on Monday, the 7th of
August, 1950, for all purposes
except for entry and clearance
of ships' manifests between 9
a.m. and 10 a.m.

A. G. CLARKE
Director of Commerce
& Industry.

Hong Kong, August 1, 1950.

BANK HOLIDAY

The Exchange Banks will be
closed for the transaction of
public business on Monday,
the 7th August, 1950. (The first
Monday in August).

Hong Kong, August 4, 1950.

NOTICE

We have to advise that as
from August 1, 1950 we have
appointed Messrs Oversea
Chinese Steamship Co., Ltd.,
48 Bonham Strand, West, 1st
Floor, Tel. 26127 and 31119 as
our Chinese Booking Agent.

On and after above date
application may be made
direct to Oversea Chinese
Steamship Co., Ltd. for Freight
or Passage on vessels under
our Agency.

A. P. PATTISON
& CO., INC.

Agents:
ISBRANDTSEN
& CO., INC.

Hong Kong, July 28, 1950

NOTICE

THE REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1949

Arrangements have been
made to register, photograph
and thumbprint all persons
holding valid wireless receiv-
ing licences together with the
members of their families over
the age of 12 years.

Registration will take place
at the following centres:—

Kowloon:
Yau-mat Government
School, Nathan Road.

Hong Kong:
Hennessy Road Govern-
ment School.

St. Joseph's College, Ken-
edy Road (side en-
trance).

All persons holding valid
wireless receiving licences
and WHO HAVE NOT COM-
MENCED REGISTRATION
PROCEDURE ELSEWHERE,
should go with their family
over the age of 12 years, to
one of these centres according
to the time set out below
against the number of their
wireless licence. All persons
must produce their wireless
licence and have their name,
address, age and occupation
set out on a slip of paper; in
the case of Chinese persons, in
Chinese and English. In the
case of all other persons in
English.

PERSONS ARE WARNED
THAT IT IS A SERIOUS
OFFENCE TO REGISTER
MORE THAN ONCE.

FRIDAY, 4th AUGUST

99800 — 100600	9.00 a.m.
100601 — 101400	9.30 a.m.
101401 — 102200	10.00 a.m.
102201 — 103000	10.30 a.m.
103001 — 103800	11.00 a.m.
103801 — 104600	11.30 a.m.
104601 — 105400	12 noon
105401 — 106200	12.30 p.m.
106201 — 107000	2.15 p.m.
107001 — 107800	2.45 p.m.
107801 — 108600	3.15 p.m.
108601 — 109400	3.45 p.m.
109401 — 110200	4.15 p.m.

SATURDAY, 5th AUGUST

110201 — 111000	9.00 a.m.
111001 — 111800	9.30 a.m.
111801 — 112600	10.00 a.m.
112601 — 113400	10.30 a.m.
113401 — 114200	11.00 a.m.
114201 — 115000	11.30 a.m.
115001 — 115800	12 noon
115801 — 116600	12.30 p.m.

TUESDAY, 8th AUGUST

116601 — 117400	9.00 a.m.
117401 — 118200	9.30 a.m.
118201 — 119000	10.00 a.m.
119001 — 119800	10.30 a.m.
119801 — 120600	11.00 a.m.
120601 — 121400	11.30 a.m.
121401 — 122200	12 noon
122201 — 123000	12.30 p.m.
123001 — 123800	2.15 p.m.
123801 — 124600	2.45 p.m.
124601 — 125400	3.15 p.m.
125401 — 126200	3.45 p.m.
126201 — 127000	4.15 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, 9th AUGUST

127001 — 127800	9.00 a.m.
127801 — 128600	9.30 a.m.
128601 — 129400	10.00 a.m.
129401 — 130200	10.30 a.m.
130201 — 131000	11.00 a.m.
131001 — 131800	11.30 a.m.

THE HONGKONG
ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that an INTERIM DIVIDEND
in respect of the year 1950, of
\$1.00 per share, free of tax,
has been declared payable on
and after 15th September 1950.

Applications for Dividend
Warrants should be made
either personally or by letter to
the Registered Office of the
Company, P. & O. Building,
4th floor.

The Register of Members of
the Company will be closed
from 1st September 1950 to
14th September 1950, both
days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

GIBB, LIVINGSTON
& CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Hong Kong, August 3, 1950.

SOME OF THE
BEST VIEWS OF
HONG KONG

SEE

CHINA MAIL
PHOTOGRAPHS

OTHER
WINDSOR HOUSE

Silva's defence closes

(Continued From Page 3)

Mr. d'Almada at this point
asked the jury to assume that
Mr. Silva was guilty. On this
assumption, Mr. Silva must
have put himself into Mr.
Cowie's power. In spite of the
fact that he knew the latter's
reputation, Silva, even
though Mr. Cowie went through
giving the perjured evidence,
Mr. Silva would have laid him-
self open to blackmail from Mr.
Cowie for the rest of his life.

A rat like Cowie

Counsel further asked whether
it was possible for a man like
Mr. Silva to go up to "a rat like
Cowie" with \$2,000 and run the
risk of being found out, without
taking any sort of precaution
whatsoever.

Referring to the dramatic turn

mentioned in the newspapers
when the second accused dis-
appeared, Mr. d'Almada recalled
that Mr. McNeill had previously
mentioned that his client was a
poor speaker in English. Coun-
sel pointed out however that
throughout the proceedings when
Mr. Tam was present in the
dock, it was not necessary for
him to have an interpreter to
help him keep up with the pro-
ceedings.

"I submit his disappearance is
consistent with one thing, his
own guilt in the matter, and
his conspiracy with other per-
sons unknown, but not with Silva."
The Crown will say to you
in his words: "Well, the name is
better beat it." But there is no
evidence whatsoever before you
of any concert or agreement be-
tween Tam and Silva. Note in
passing also that Tam in his
interview with Cowie used the
false name "Lo". Note also that
his alleged co-conspirator, Silva,
did not even know the name "Lo".

Mr. d'Almada went on to say
that there is no suggestion that
the case of Mr. Silva and second
accused should go along together.
Both were "at arms length".
Mr. Tam was arrested, charged
and subsequently bailed, and he
prepares for a trial.

At the police court committal
proceedings, Mr. Tam hears the
evidence against him. He knows
the evidence consists of Mr.
Cowie's words as to his own
words and actions on May 21.
He remains where he is for the
time being. But when he hears
Mr. Silva's evidence, Mr. Tam
goes off and has a good think.
The next morning, he disappears.
Asking the jury as to what
conclusion they would draw from
this, Mr. d'Almada submitted that
Mr. Tam ran away because he
feared cross-examination not only
by Mr. Hooton, but also by Mr.
Sheldon.

Returning to the subject of
Mr. Cowie, Mr. d'Almada sub-
mitted that Mr. Cowie had been
informed by someone that Mr.
Silva was going to approach him
beforehand. So, Mr. Cowie in-
formed the police, and is out
to help them trap Mr. Silva.

The police instructs him to
agree to any arrangements and
suggestions by Mr. Silva, and
gives him a free hand. Mr.
d'Almada went on to say that
the reason why he did not make a
single outright statement to Mr.
Silva, as is apparent in the trans-
cripts.

Because if he had come out
with something about the per-
jured statement, he knew Mr.
Silva would say: "What the
devil are you talking about?"

Counsel added here that Mr.
Cowie did what he had done be-
cause he had thought it would
raise his status with the police;
but it had failed to do so.

"For these reasons, I submit
that the only possible verdict to
bring in is not guilty, as far as
Silva is concerned." Mr. d'Almada
stated eventually, in conclusion.

Hearing was adjourned at yes-
terday until 10 a.m. today, when
Crown Counsel will address the
jury.

MAJESTIC
AIR-CONDITIONED
SHOWING TODAY
AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.
"A MUST FOR EVERYBODY"
New Orleans, La.
ORSON WELLES
in a MERCURY PRODUCTION
"Macbeth"
by WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE
Directed by JEANETTE MOLAN
Don O'Halloran
Sally McDowell
Edgar Lewis
Alan Napier
Musical Score by Maxene Reed
Produced and Directed by ORSON WELLES
A REPUBLIC PICTURE
ADDED:
Warner-Pathe Newsreel
YANKS FIGHT BACK IN
KOREA!
WORLD MOURNS CANADA'S
MACKENZIE KING.
KING LEOPOLD RETURNS
TO BELGIUM.
NATIONAL A.A.U. SWIM
CHAMPIONSHIP.
ETC., ETC., ETC.

The Dairy Farm, Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.
PUBLIC HOLIDAY-7th AUGUST, 1950.
HOURS OF BUSINESS.

BUTCHERY & PROVISIONS DEPARTMENTS

All Branches & Windsor House	CLOSED ALL DAY.
DAIRY DEPARTMENT	
Lower Albert Road	
East Point Branch	7.30 a.m. to 9.30 a.m.
Kowloon Branch	
Windsor House Annex	
Peak Branch	9.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.
COLD STORAGE DEPARTMENT	
East Point	
Connaught Road, Central	8.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon.
Canton Road, Kowloon	
ICE SALES	
East Point	
Kowloon Branch	USUAL HOURS
Lower Albert Road	
Peak Branch	8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m.
Pettiniger Street	
Nathan Road, Kowloon	
RESTAURANTS & SODA FOUNTAINS	USUAL HOURS.

The Dairy Farm, Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.
PURE FOOD SPECIALISTS.

Having been entirely reserved
for a Private Dinner Party —

CAFE WISEMAN

will be CLOSED at 5.30 p.m.
on FRIDAY, 4th. AUGUST, 1950

reverting to normal closing
time of 10.30 p.m. on and
from the following day.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"I had no intention of keeping the \$230,000 I embezzled.
Mr. Teasdale I just wanted to have something to hold
over your head when I asked for a raise!"

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE
By Shepard Barclay
"The Authority on Authority"

WORST POSSIBLE PLAY

EVERY GOOD cardman has
suffered aberrations which caused
him to play some important suit
in the worst possible way. Once
in a blue moon, you will see the
same player do that with two
suits and thereby toss away a
contract that he could have made.
If you do that yourself, don't let
it upset you and make you think
you are the only person in the
world who does such things.
Everybody does. The factor which
determines whether you are a
good or a bad player is the fre-
quency or infrequency of such
lapses as compared with your
good performances.

S A J 6
H A Q 4
D A K Q 6 5 2
C 8
S 10 9 5 2
H 3 2
D J 10 4
C K 7 6
N
W
E
S
S Q 4 3
H J 10 8 7 6
D 7
C A J 4 2
(Dealer: North. North-South
vulnerable).

North — East South West
1 D 2 C Pass Pass
3 D Pass 3 NT
With quite different bidding
sequences, most Souths got into
4-Hearts, on this tournament
deal. In fact, a number of them
faced the same preceding bids,
then bid 3-Hearts over the 3-
Diamonds. Some bid the suit
first after East passed the 1-
Diamond, and therefore got nat-
urally into the heart game
which could not help being made.
Some in fact scored an extra
trick.

This single 3-No. Trumps de-
clarer did a masterful job of
botching the play. West dutifully

led the club suit bid by his part-
ner, the 6 being covered by the
Q and won by the A. Next
South sent the heart J through
to the K and the club 10 was
turned. South put on the 3 and
the K won. The club 7 return
to the 9 gave East the setting
tricks.

South had two better ways to
play the clubs. One was to duck
the first two, then tell the K with
the A. The other was to use the
A on the first trick and later
duck the second club. The me-
thod actually employed was as
bad as possible.

The hearts were also played
terribly, assuring the blocking of
the suit. Better work would
have been a low card to the Q
on the first trick, hoping East
would take it at once, setting up
the whole suit. If East held up,
then the A followed by a low
one would have fixed it so that
East would have had to put South
in for the remainder with a
club if that suit had been play-
ed right. As South botched the
hand, the defenders had no
chance to make a mistake, that
would have helped him.

Tomorrow's Problem
S 10 9 6 4
H J 8 7
D A 3
C K 5 4
S A K Q
6 7 3
H 6 4
D K 6 4
C

ROXY
AIR-CONDITIONED

BROADWAY
AIR-CONDITIONED

STARTS TODAY | STARTS TOMORROW
PLEASE NOTE SPECIAL SHOWING TIMES:
AT 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.40 P.M.

AIR BATTLE SCENES PHOTOGRAPHED IN
ACTUAL COMBAT BY MEMBERS OF THE
U.S. AIR FORCES AND THE GERMAN LUFT-
WAFFE!

DESTINY RODE THE GUN SIGHTS...
AS THEY ROARED OUT TO MEET IT!

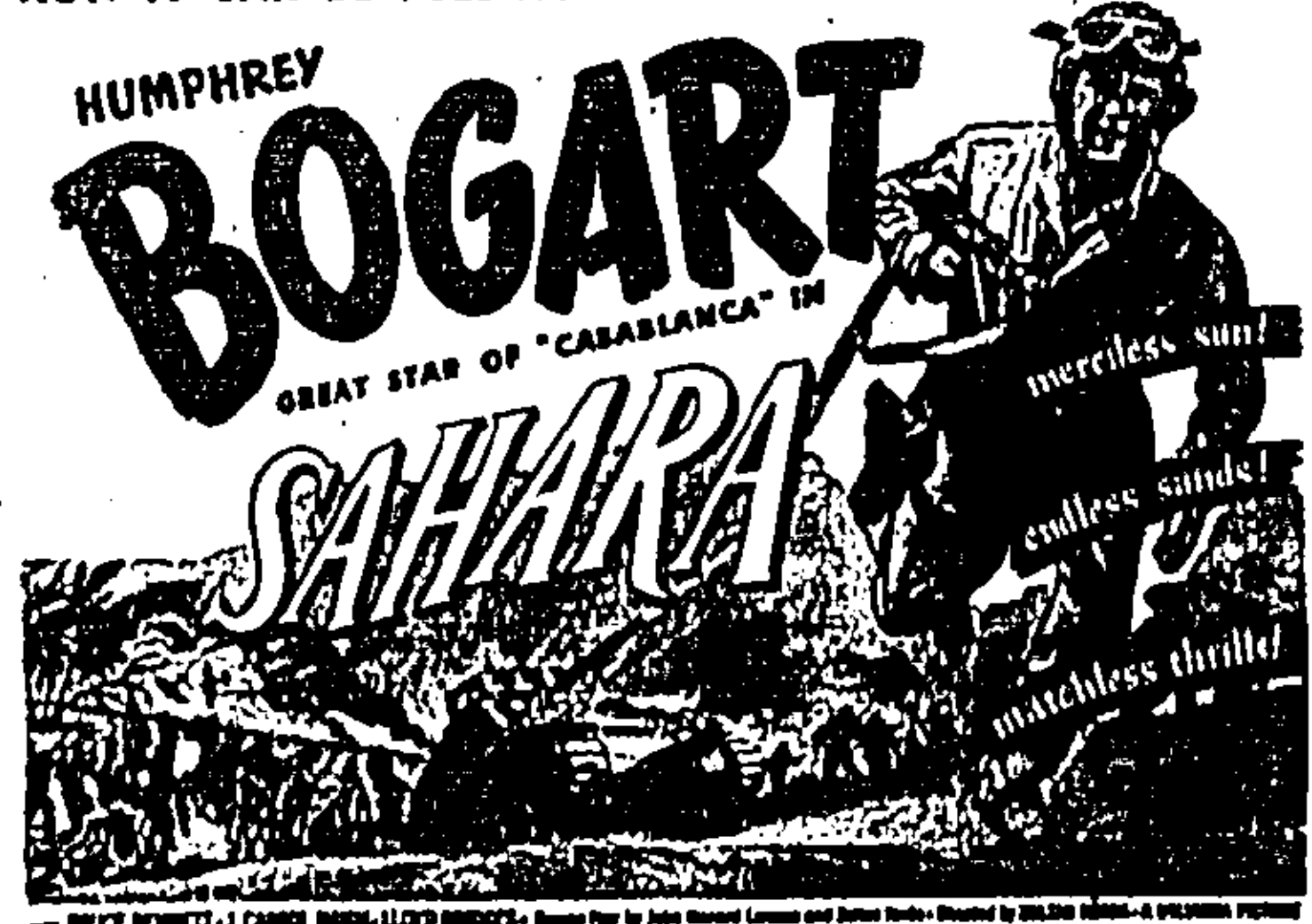


ROXY ADDED: LATEST KOREAN WAR NEWS 1. U.S. TROOPS IN ACTION. 2. CHURCHILL PRAISES HEROIC AMERICANS. 3. TRUMAN DECLARES "NO APPEASEMENT". 4. FRENCH FIGHT REDS IN INDO-CHINA.

FINAL SHOWING TODAY
BROADWAY
AIR-CONDITIONED
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

HELD OVER! HELD OVER! TODAY ONLY

NOW IT CAN BE TOLD...IN ALL ITS STIRRING SPLENDOR!



Tomorrow: "12 O'CLOCK HIGH"

ORIENTAL
AIR-CONDITIONED

TAKE AN EASTERN TRAM CAR ON HAPPY VALLEY BUS

SHOWING TODAY at 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

THE HONG KONG SCREEN FAVORITE STAR SHIRLEY TEMPLE IS BACK AGAIN IN HER LATEST PICTURE! FIERY DRAMA! ROARING EXCITEMENT! TENDER ROMANCE!

PRIDE OF KENTUCKY

TECHNICOLOR

SHIRLEY TEMPLE FITZGERALD McALLISTER

CINEMA WORLD

Exciting war film now at the Roxy, Broadway Theatres

Rating: ★ ★ ★
A woman who asked the Duke of Wellington whether English soldiers ever ran away was curtly told: "All soldiers run away, madam." From the day he starts his officer training every cadet has drummed into him Napoleon's remark: "Armies never fail through the fault of their men but always through the faults of their officers."

Bette Davis in drama

Rating: ★ ★ ★
"Beyond The Forest," which is now at the Queen's and Alhambra Theatres, is heavy drama that demonstrates only too clearly that Bette Davis is far from a "has-been" when it comes to acting.

Although the film is likely to leave a bad taste in your mouth, you'll probably cheer Miss Davis for her excellent performance as the bored but ambitious wife of a small town doctor who is literally consumed by her own passions.

Longing to escape from the town and her husband (Joseph Cotten) to a life of luxury which she feels she is entitled to, Miss Davis discovers to her chagrin that the average individual is not so much master of his own destiny as he thinks he is.

Miss Davis (does everything to further her ambition; she even resorts to murder. But it is no avail, and she finds herself swallowed up by her own chicanery. The end comes with dramatic swiftness and can only be termed a commendable climax to a life of lechery, lust and too ambitious aspirations.

There is very little else to comment on "Beyond The Forest" apart from the fact that the Davis dominates the entire show. All the other characters are mere pawns that move about in silent terror of Miss Davis' diabolical mind.

The man who is the immediate cause of the heroine's downfall is David Brink, a strapping new-comer who tries hard to struggle out of the shadow of Bette Davis' impressive performance.

Some comic relief is provided by...Dona Drake...as an Indian servant, whose jocular hips, stringy hair and slovenly ways make her an inspired miniature satire of her mistress.

Both pronouncements come to mind in connection with "Twelve O'Clock High" another outstanding American war film now at the Roxy and Broadway.

This film deals intimately, faithfully, and frankly with problems of war which are not normally aired in films designed for entertainment.

What makes a leader? Why does one fighting unit do better than another, though both consist of exactly the same kind of men? What is courage and how can it be developed and conserved? How long can a fighting man stick it?

These are matters seldom presented to the layman, who knows them only through the conventional jargon of medal citations, the clichés of war reporting and through the embarrassed silences of fighting relatives.

"Twelve O'Clock High" brings this material into the open and without distorting the truth makes an uncommonly fine dramatic entertainment of it.

It is the story of an American bomber group which, after crippling losses in the early daylight raids on Europe, is thoroughly demoralised and practically on the verge of mutiny.

Their commander is replaced and a new man (Gregory Peck) is appointed to put things right. He achieves this by ruthless discipline and by sheer leadership, but only after a long and difficult struggle. He then takes the revitalised group into successful action in the main daylight raids at the climax of the war.

For the flying combat scenes the official war films made during actual raids have been used, and nothing more exciting in this line has yet been seen on the screen.

But they are made twice as effective by what has gone before. Gregory Peck, as the group commander, gives the finest performance of his career, and there is faultless acting by Dean Jagger, Millard Mitchell, Bob Patten, Hugh Marlowe, and Gary Merrill.

Henry King's direction has exploited to the full what is quite one of the best war films ever made.



ALLAN LADD, WANDA HENDRIX and ENEMIES
Decently clad

Alan Ladd carries his gun again

Rating: ★ ★ ★
Alan Ladd, the Hollywood actor who appears to be undressed if he hasn't a gun in his hand, is decently clad in "Captain Carey, U.S.A.," which opens today at the Leo and Liberty Theatres.

The film is a thrilling product of versatile Mitchell Leisen, and the use of authentic background scenes adds to the enjoyment. Co-starred with Mr. Ladd are Wanda Hendrix and Francis Lederer.

The story hinges around Ladd's attempt to track down the person who betrayed him

STAR THEATRE

August Films

- TODAY AND TOMORROW
THE CONSTANT NYMPH (R)
6.7. FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS (C & R)
8. PYGMALION
9. ALL MY SONS
10. THE DOLLY SISTERS (C & R)
11.12. ALL THE KING'S MEN
12.14. IN THE GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME (C)
15. NEW ORLEANS
16.17. SO DEAR TO MY HEART
18.19. PINKY
20.21. I WAS A MALE WAR BRIDE
22. NIGHT HAS A THOUSAND EYES
23. JOHN LOVES MARY
24. QUARTET
25.26. HOMECOMING
27.28. LOOK FOR THE SILVER LINING (C)
29. SHEFFINGTON (R)
30.31. THE KID FROM TEXAS (C)
(C)—Colour (R)—Repeat by Request

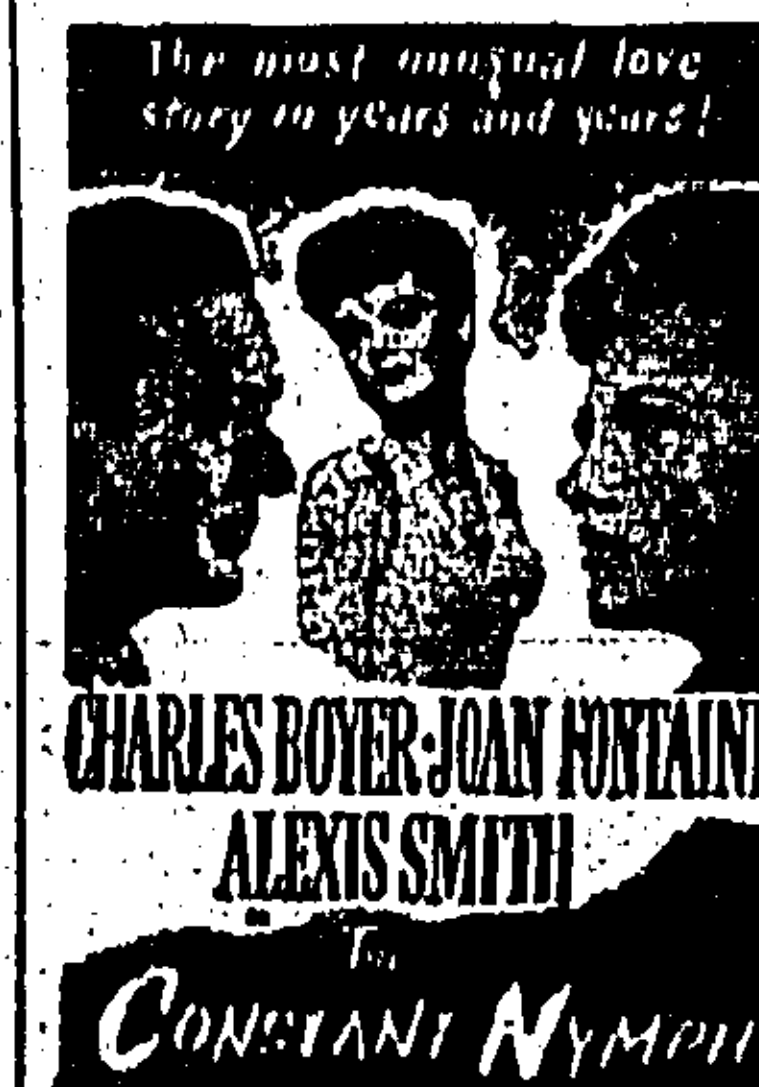
RATINGS

The "China Mail" is using the following classifications to indicate to readers the quality of films reviewed:

- ★★★★ Excellent
★★★ Above average
★★ Average
★ Below average

STAR
Phone 58335

17, Hankow Road, Kowloon.
(By Popular Request!)
August—4th & 5th.
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Ingrid Bergman

Suspense film with a wallop

Rating: ★ ★ ★

Suspense reaches the gasping point at the King's Theatre, where the Hal Wallis-Anatole Litvak production of Paramount's "Sorry, Wrong Number," a murder thriller with an entirely new slant, is now showing.

Co-starring Barbara Stanwyck and Burt Lancaster, "Sorry, Wrong Number" is a shrike-by-shrike picture of the encroachment of murder. It compels its audience to shrink in common horror with a woman who early in the story overhears her death being plotted and, in an hour and a half of helpless, horrified, awaits her end.

Enlarged and transposed to the screen from Lucille Fletcher's radio play, the film contains many more shudders than the half-hour network thriller which was heard here recently over Rediffusion.

Barbara Stanwyck turns in a fine performance as the bed-ridden neurotic whose only means of communication with the outside world is the telephone. But, for her, the phone becomes an instrument of slow death from the moment she accidentally overhears two men plotting the murder of an unnamed woman.

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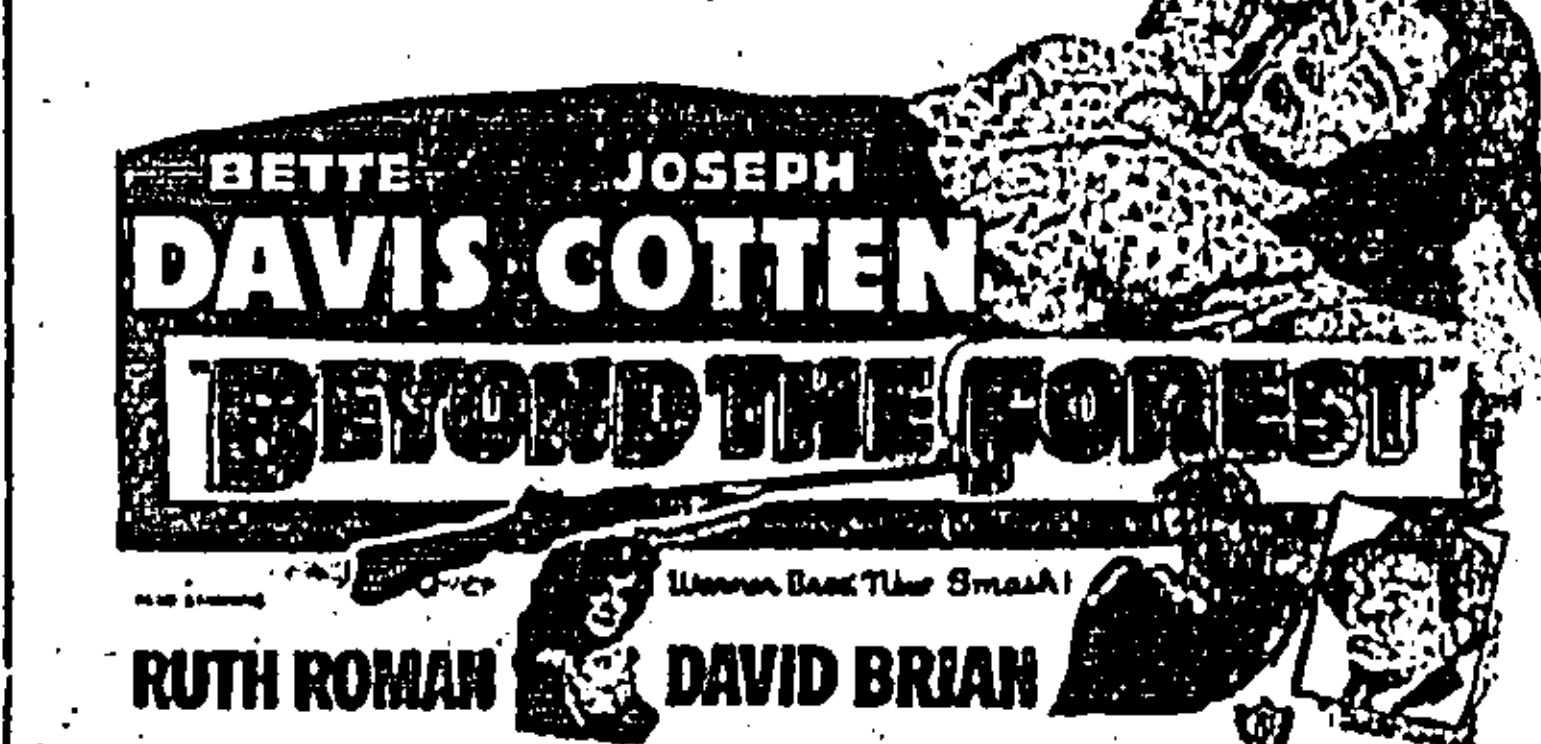


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Queen's birthday



Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth celebrates her 50th birthday today. This photograph is a special birthday portrait taken recently at Buckingham Palace.

HINT OF MORE AMERICAN AID FOR TAIWAN

Washington, August 2.

The Secretary of State, Dean Acheson, indicated today that the United States was reviewing its policy on Taiwan, and that announcements of additional American assistance may be forthcoming soon.

Mr. Acheson, at his weekly Press conference, declined to answer flatly "Yes" or "No", when asked whether the United States planned to send arms to aid Chiang Kai-shek's Nationalists in repelling any Communist thrust from the mainland.

Mr. Acheson also refused to confirm or deny reports that the Chinese Nationalists had been given use of American military procurement facilities in the United States, relieving them of the necessity to bid for war equipment in the open market.

All these matters were being given consideration, he said, and there would be news on the subject in due course.

Mr. Acheson said that, so far, he thought the United States actions regarding Taiwan were entirely consistent with President Truman's June 27 statement, in which he announced that he had ordered the United States Seventh Fleet to patrol the waters between Taiwan and the mainland, in order to prevent any act of aggression by either side.

However, the tenor of Mr. Acheson's remarks left the impression that additional assistance to the Nationalists would probably be forthcoming.

Limited aid?

Mr. Acheson declined, in answering a series of news conference questions, to say what specific steps this Government will take.

Other responsible officials expect that the United States will shortly resume sending military aid to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek on a limited basis, beginning with spare parts and ammunition.

Mr. Acheson was told at his news conference that reports were current that the United States was altering its policy on Taiwan and was about to supply arms once more to the Chinese Nationalists.

"Would that indicate a change in our attitude from last January?" he was asked.

Mr. Acheson replied that President Harry Truman had out-

Elizabeth hopes it will be a girl

London, August 2.

The home of Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh was being prepared today for the birth, expected next week, of their second child—whom both parents hope will be a girl.

Princess Elizabeth was reported to be so confident that the child was thinking only of "girls' names." Anne was said to be the favourite. The child will probably be born in the Princess's suite at Clarence House. — United Press.

lined his policy toward Taiwan in a statement on June 27.

This statement aimed at neutralising Taiwan in keeping with the policy of localising the Korean conflict if possible. The statement of last January had declared a complete hands off policy towards Taiwan.

Mr. Acheson said all that the Administration is now doing is consistent with the President's June 27 statement. — United Press and Associated Press.

Washington, August 3.

President Harry Truman has taken under advisement an invitation to attend a dinner in New York on September 9.

honouring the United Nations General Assembly President, Carlos P. Romulo, and his successor, to be chosen on September 18. — Associated Press.

Royal Navy reserves reporting for duty

Portsmouth, August 3.

British naval reserves called into active service because of the Korean crisis began streaming into Portsmouth Barracks yesterday.

The first contingent, all enlisted specialists, numbered 120 men. Others will report here during the next six days.

Call-up of reserves, who will report to the Plymouth and Chatham depots, will begin next week. The Navy has so far declined to disclose how many are involved in all, but observers here believe the total will be several thousand.

In announcing the call-up last week, the Admiralty said the purpose was to put its Far Eastern Fleet on a full-scale war footing. Elements of this fleet have been placed under the command of General Douglas MacArthur in Korean waters.

The Admiralty said it would need about 50 pilots with carrier experience, plus a number of specialists.

The Admiralty also halted the release of officers and men in the Far Eastern Fleet whose enlistments are expiring, and cancelled all home leaves.

Meanwhile, civilian workers are putting in overtime at the Portsmouth Dockyard to get the aircraft carrier Warrior ready to carry sailors and troops to the Far East.

Britain has announced it will send ground troops to South Korea as soon as a self-contained unit of infantry, tanks, artillery and engineers can be assembled.

It is believed the force will number around 5,000. The Defence Minister, Emanuel Shinwell, declined to give any details of its make-up or strength. — Associated Press.

RUSSIA CHALLENGED IN UNITED NATIONS

ANGLO-U.S. DEMAND FOR GENUINE PEACE PLAN

Lake Success, August 2.

The United States and Britain today challenged Russia to produce before the United Nations any genuine proposals it might have for peace in Korea.

The chief American delegate, Warren Austin, calling for immediate Security Council action on the United States' proposal, to localise the Korean war, added: "If there are any other proposals to be made that will genuinely promote peace and security in the area of the conflict, the whole spirit of humanity demands that they be made without further delay."

The British delegate, Sir Gladwyn Jebb, said the West would rejoice if the Russians turned up with some concrete Korean peace proposals that would be consistent with the United Nations Charter and with the firm action taken by the United Nations in the Korean case.

The double challenge was the West's answer to yesterday's proposal by the Soviet delegate, Jacob Malik, that the Council accept an agenda that would mean first another fight over the Chinese credentials and then the discussion of "peaceful settlement" of the Korean question.

Mr. Malik also heard spokesmen for France, Ecuador, Cuba, Norway and Nationalist China, support Britain and the United States. He then renewed his proposal that the Council adopt his two-point agenda and, if it so desired, take on Mr. Austin's resolution as a third item. He charged that the American resolution spoke only in "diplomatic language" when it referred to "localisation" of the Korean conflict.

"In plain language," he continued, "that means to extend and continue this conflict. It means to increase supplies to the fighting forces, to send more fighter planes and rocket planes and Superfortresses to the fighting area and increase the scope of destruction. We have introduced another concept of peaceful settlement of the Korean conflict."

The Council adjourned at 10:15 p.m. (GMT) without a vote and is to start its next session tomorrow at 7 p.m. (GMT).

Mr. Malik, who ended Russia's 20-week boycott yesterday to assume the Presidency of the Security Council in his regular turn, called the Council into session shortly after 7 p.m. today to renew the procedural wrangle on whether the issue of sending Communist China to the United Nations or the problem of the United Nations' Korean war effort should take top priority on the agenda.

The American-led Western powers wanted prior consideration of a resolution presented by Warren Austin (United States) which condemned North Korea for its continued defiance of the United Nations and called on all members of the world organisation to join in preventing the spread of the Korean conflict and to refrain from assisting or encouraging the Red Korean authorities. The latter part of it was directly aimed at the Kremlin.

British blast

Mr. Malik arrived at the Council chamber at 7:10 p.m. GMT. He was smiling as he walked down the corridor, followed by reporters and photographers. As usual, he was carrying a bulging leather briefcase. He was as enigmatic as ever, declining to answer reporters' questions.

He convened the meeting at 7:14 p.m. and the Council heard the translation into French of the speech he delivered yesterday.

After brief introductory remarks concerning the agenda, Mr. Malik gave the floor to Sir Gladwyn Jebb (Great Britain), who delivered his blast against Russia. Mr. Malik was busily taking notes.

Sir Gladwyn declared that Russia's peace programme for Korea had a "nightmarish and Alice in Wonderland" quality and resembled the "peaceful" settlements in Czechoslovakia in 1938 and 1948. Sir Gladwyn supported the American motion which would make the order of business simply a "complaint of aggression upon the Republic of Korea." This, he said pointedly as Mr. Malik sat and listened without expression, "would in no way prevent Russia from bringing concrete proposals for peace."

The West would rejoice if the Russians brought in a spirit consistent with United Nations principles and the previous actions of the Security Council.

Sir Gladwyn recalled that Mr. Malik had said yesterday that the American position made it appear that the United States feared peaceful settlement of the Korean question.

He said: "This is an example of the queer upside-down language of Russian propaganda. If one side attacks its neighbour, it is not an act of war but of peace. The very words 'peaceful settlement' in the mouth of the Russian delegate are enough to cause a certain anxiety. We remember the 'peaceful' settlements in Czechoslovakia in 1938 and 1948. These were peaceful in that on those occasions no shot was fired, but Czechoslovakia died in the name of peace. This is not the kind of settlement 52 nations—that have supported the United Nations sanctions against North Korea—want in Korea. It is the kind we are determined to resist."

A nightmare

Another example of Russia's "upside-down" thinking, Sir Gladwyn said, was Mr. Malik's assertion that the American resolution, condemning North Korea for defying the United Nations, was intended to extend the scope of war. He told Mr. Malik:

"If you will read it, sir, you will see it is specifically aimed at localising the conflict. We are living in a nightmarish and Alice in Wonderland world. The whole objective of the United Nations, and more particularly, of the Security Council, is to maintain peace—not only by mediation and conciliation and other methods of the Charter, but also, as a last resort, by banding together to resist those who break the peace. The fact is, the North Korean authorities attacked the Republic of Korea and

the situation must be restored. No one must be allowed to cloud this cardinal fact before launching speeches on the substance.

Antonio Quevedo (Ecuador) proposed that the question of Chinese representation be taken up by the United Nations General Assembly rather than by the Council. He said the matter was so important it called for the joint decision of small and big States represented in the world organisation.

Senor Quevedo also proposed that the Council take a separate vote on the agenda proposed by Mr. Malik and on the item proposed by the United States. He thereupon served notice that he would vote against Mr. Malik's agenda. Taking exception to Mr. Malik's appeal that the question of substance on any of the items under consideration must not be discussed for the time being, Senor Quevedo said Mr. Malik had to justify the statement. He was concerned, like all small States, with assuring that violent means not be used to settle international disputes. If the Soviet Union had wanted union of all the Korean peoples, it would not have opposed the general elections recommended by the Russian-boycotted United Nations Commission for Korea.

Much time was lost with consecutive translations and almost two hours after the meeting was under way virtually nothing had been accomplished by the Council.

Main question

Jean Chauvel (France) said the most urgent item before the Council was the question of aggression against South Korea and announced that France would vote for giving it im-

Dulles on Russian aims

San Francisco, August 2. Mr. John Foster Dulles, special Republican advisor to the U.S. State Department, said today that the fighting in Korea does not necessarily mean the Communist leaders have decided on a world war.

In a speech, Mr. Dulles said the Korean action showed that the Communists are willing to run the greater risks, but that does not necessarily mean that they want general war or that they are irrevocably committed to provoke it.

One of the factors probably involved in the aggression in Korea was the desire of Russia, ever since the Russian-Japanese war, to gain control of that strategic peninsula.

Mr. Dulles advocated giving Japan a chance to win admission to the community of free nations.

Mr. Dulles told a news conference that Japan, and therefore the whole American defence line in the Far East, would become insecure if all Korea were occupied by an enemy.

Japan, he added, was highly vulnerable because "we have drained what little fighting power we had out of Japan, and we had damned little." — Associated Press.

PACIFIC PACT NOT DISCUSSED

Washington, August 2.

The U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, said today he had not discussed with the Australian Prime Minister, Mr. Robert G. Menzies, any proposals for a Pacific Pact along the lines of the North Atlantic Treaty. — Reuter.

diate priority. France could not agree with Mr. Malik's insistence on linking it with the question of Chinese representation—two matters that are historically and geographically different—and the Council could not prevent any delegation from speaking on the subject of Korea when Korea was being discussed, but he pointed out that the main question was to determine who was the aggressor in Korea.

He added: "This has been done, on June 25, by the Council. If the Soviet Union wishes to take the steps decided upon by the Council (to aid South Korea), it can do so by notifying the Council accordingly."

Alberto J. Inocente Alvarez (Cuba) charged that the Soviet agenda item dealing with "peaceful settlement of the Korean conflict" was intended to "divert the attention of the Council for reasons quite distinct from those that animated members of the Council to back up its decision to help South Korea."

Announcing Cuba's support for inclusion of the U.S. proposal in the agenda, with top priority, Senor Alvarez also protested against Mr. Malik's attempt to link the question of Korea with that of Chinese representation.

(Continued on page 8)

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MORE SACRIFICES AHEAD FOR THE UK: NEAR-WAR ECONOMY

London, August 2.

The United States Ambassador, Mr. Lewis Douglas, made a late and unexpected call tonight at No. 10 Downing Street, the official residence of the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee. His visit was connected with an expected early announcement of British plans to spend even more millions on rearmament.

The announcement, which may be regarded as of major importance, should come within the next 48 hours. The additional £100,000,000 approved for adding to the existing £780,000,000 defence budget may now be regarded as only a first instalment of a spending plan which will take Britain back to a near wartime economy.

The new spending plan will be Britain's answer to the American call to Atlantic Pact nations to report urgently on their ability to accelerate defence measures. It was believed that the visit of the American Ambassador to Downing Street tonight was connected with the transmission of Britain's new defence plan to Washington.

The British plan is based, according to authoritative sources, on the assumption that a full-scale war is not imminent. So the plan allows for the maximum possible expenditure on rearmament consistent with economic solvency for just short of the full switch to a wartime economy.

More sacrifices

It may be expected that the plan will take into account the prospect of additional American aid as foreshadowed in President Truman's request to Congress for 10 billion dollars to rearm the Western world.

Britain's share of any additional aid approved by Congress is likely to be the lion's share.

It will be based, according to sources here, on Britain's new ability to pass on a proportion of it in the form of assistance in rearming smaller members of the Western European grouping.

The new defence spending will mean that the British people face renewed sacrifices. Factories producing for the home market must be switched to war production.

Some adverse effect on the British export trade may also be expected, according to planning experts here. The new scheme allows for this by anticipating that losses in foreign trade earnings will be made up with additional aid from the United States.

Where money will come from

The new plan is devised to allow Britain to continue her economic recovery.

The additional money will come from cuts imposed on the home market, from the capital investment programme and from the export market.

But the Treasury believes that it is essential to continue cutting down the foreign trade gap, to

Wiltshires leave Britain for Far East

Southampton, August 2. Three hundred troops of the First Battalion, Wiltshire Regiment, sailed today aboard the ship Empire Trooper for service in the Far East. The War Office spokesman declined to say whether the troops were destined for Korea.—United Press.

maintain and if possible enlarge a gold and dollar reserve, and to ensure the maintenance of a "war chest" in case the international situation worsens. New expenditure will need parliamentary approval. The House of Commons may cut short its summer recess, normally extending into October.—Reuter.

ACHESON ACCUSES RUSSIA

Washington, August 2. The United States Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, today accused the Soviet Union of violating the United Nations Charter in trying to hold up United Nations action in the Korean war.

Mr. Acheson was commenting at his weekly Press conference upon the attitude taken by Russia's representative, Mr. Jacob Malik, upon his return to the Security Council yesterday after an absence from its discussions since January 13.

Mr. Acheson said that the Soviet Union was violating its obligations to the United Nations Charter when Mr. Malik absented himself from the proceedings of the Security Council from January 13 to July after the rejection on January 13 of a Soviet resolution to expel the Chinese Nationalist representative from the Security Council meeting.

Mr. Acheson added that Mr. Malik then returned and violated the Charter by throwing impediments in the way of the Security Council's action in Korea.

"It did not seem to make any difference," Mr. Acheson said, "whether Mr. Malik was present or away. He was always violating the Charter."

He declined to comment when a correspondent asked whether he thought that the continued frustration of Soviet moves in the United Nations Organization might lead to their withdrawing from it.

Mr. Acheson said that the discussion at yesterday's meeting of the Security Council, presided over by Mr. Malik, was in a sense technical. He added, however, that he thought that the Security Council, which meets again today, was getting down to the real basis.—Reuter.

Valetta, August 2. Sir General Creasy, Governor of Malta, is to fly to Britain on leave next Sunday.—Associated Press.

INDIAN ECONOMIC POSITION

New Delhi, August 2.

India's economic situation was difficult but not desperate, the Finance Minister, Mr. C. D. Deshmukh, assured Parliament today.

The monetary field had shown a distinct improvement and there were signs of returning confidence.

The Government recognised that perhaps a grave situation might develop, due largely to factors outside their control, in which case they would need special emergency powers to deal with it.

The Minister was speaking at the end of a two days' debate on an unofficial motion expressing thanks for President Rajendra Prasad's opening address to the House on Monday.

Parliament passed the motion after rejecting, without a division, three amendments seeking to criticise the Government for failure to deal with the refugee problem and the economic situation and for curtailment of civil liberties.

Earlier in the debate today the Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, warned Communists and their supporters that the Government would meet their challenge with all its resources.

The two days' debate did not touch upon the references to the international situation and Indo-Pakistan relations in the President's address. These two subjects will be discussed on separate motions to be moved by the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, during the next three days.

Mr. Nehru is expected tomorrow to move a motion seeking Parliament's approval for the Government's policy in regard to Korea.—Reuter.

U.S.-THAILAND NEGOTIATIONS

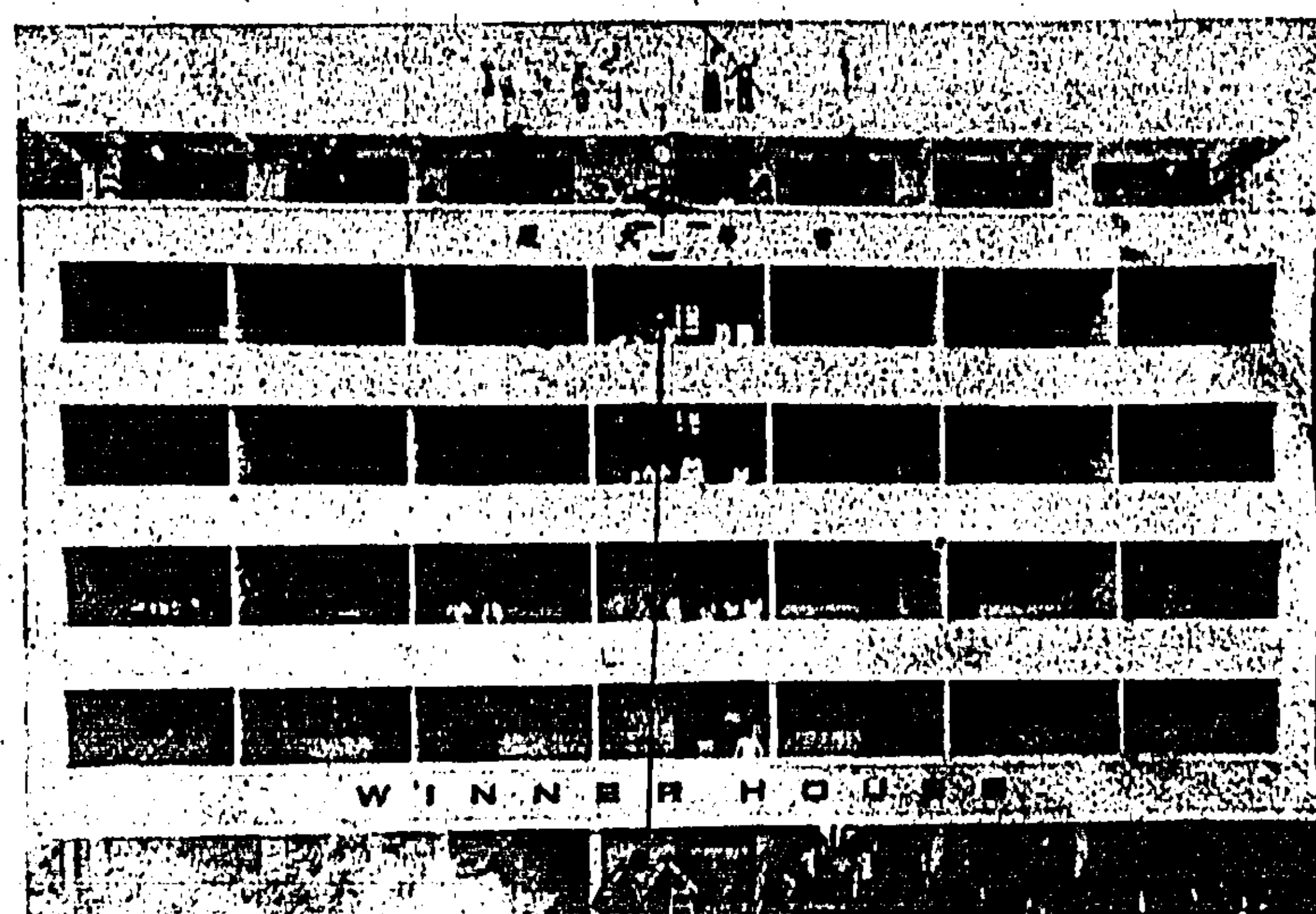
Bangkok, August 2.

The United States is now negotiating an overall agreement for a programme of economic and technical assistance to Thailand, the U.S. Embassy here announced today.

The announcement, however, said it has been agreed by the Thai National Economic Council and the Embassy that no public statement regarding the projects will be released for publication until a detailed programme is decided upon.

The announcement also denied there was anything secret about this Point Four programme aid to Thailand as had been reported by both vernacular newspapers and the English Press in Bangkok.

It said the purposes of the projects proposed under Point Four were fully discussed with the Thai Press by Mr. Allen Griffin when he visited Bangkok in April.—United Press.



Winner House, the latest addition to Hong Kong's de luxe hotels, which was officially opened on Wednesday. The occasion was celebrated at a cocktail party given by the management, the Yick Hing Investment Company Limited. Many prominent local residents attended the ceremony, and were subsequently invited to tour the premises. Winner House is built along modern lines, with spacious verandas, and luxurious apartments and single rooms. The colour scheme is subdued and restful, and there is a full lift service. Located at 310 King's Road, North Point, it is accessible by both tram and bus. The rates are reasonable, and begin from \$12 a day.

TURKS WANT TO JOIN THE ATLANTIC TREATY

London, August 2.

Turkey has informed the British Government of her desire to join the North Atlantic Pact, official sources said today. Greece is also expected to seek admission to the Atlantic Pact, but no official word of her intention has so far reached London.

Turkey's admission to the Atlantic Pact will have to be decided by the Atlantic Council, when it convenes in New York in September. No formal application has so far been made by Turkey but exchanges have already taken place in Ankara with the Ambassadors of the Western powers on this step.

The Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin, was expected to discuss the question with the Turkish Foreign Minister, Fuat Koşulu, at the coming Council of Europe meeting in Strasbourg.

The French and Italian Foreign Ministers will probably both be consulted in the course of the discussions at Strasbourg.

A Foreign Office spokesman emphasised that Britain's attitude to the participation of Turkey in the Atlantic Pact was somewhat different from that of the other governments, because the United Kingdom already has a treaty of mutual assistance with Turkey.

"We shall have to consider this problem with the other member nations of the Atlantic Pact," the spokesman said.

The treaty with Turkey guarantees British aid in case of an armed attack on Turkey. The other parties to the Atlantic Pact have no such agreements with Turkey.

Western ideas modified. It would therefore be for them to consider whether they wish to extend their commitments under the Atlantic Pact.

The inclusion of Turkey into the North Atlantic alliance would extend the area covered by the treaty far into the Middle East. Turkey's inclusion into the pact was not favoured some months ago, but the Western approach is understood to have since been modified in view of the renewed Communist threat to the Western world.

The United States, it is believed here, will favour Turkey's admission, following improvements in Turkey's defence position and her decision to send land forces to assist in the Korean fighting.

In Washington, the U.S. Secretary of State, Dean Acheson, indicated today that the United States would welcome Turkey's joining the North Atlantic Pact, but he made it clear that this was

a matter which all of the member nations of that alliance would have to decide. Commenting on reports from Ankara that Turkey had applied to join the alliance, Mr. Acheson said he was not aware of that.

Greatly concerned

Mr. Acheson said everyone knew that the United States was greatly concerned with Turkish defence and the maintenance of the strength and independence of that country. He pointed out the efforts which the United States had made to bolster Turkey's military might, as well as its efforts to defend Greece.

Although the Secretary of State did not definitely say that the United States would welcome Turkey in the North Atlantic Pact, the tenor of his remarks indicated that he would be in favour of such an occurrence if the other members of the alliance agreed.

Observers recalled in this connection that, when the Turkish Foreign Minister, Necmettin Sadak, visited here early in 1949, he told officials that he was very interested in seeing the formation of a Middle East and Mediterranean alliance, similar to the North Atlantic Alliance, or an extension of the latter to include countries like Turkey.—United Press.

Warren Austin (US) told the Council, "If there are any other proposals to be made that will genuinely promote peace and security in the area of conflict, the whole spirit of humanity demands that they be made without further delay."

Mr. Austin demanded that the Council give top priority in its order of business to the resolution he proposed on Monday.

"The act of aggression against the Republic of Korea is the most urgent business before the United Nations. Under this agenda item, every member of the Council is completely free to make proposals leading toward termination of the breach of peace. If any delegate has proposals to make or resolutions to submit regarding the breach of peace in Korea, they can be made within the framework of the agenda item which has been before this Council for the last five weeks. If there are proposals to be made, refusal to present them within the Council's regular agenda will inevitably cast doubt on their sincerity. The U.S. cannot agree that the question of Chinese representation can take precedence over the fact of armed aggression. Nor can the United States agree that the termination of aggression be made contingent on any other issue."

KMT views. Dr. T. T. Tsiang (Nationalist China) took the floor to oppose any new debate on replacing his delegation with that of the Communist Peking regime. He charged that the Communist "puppet regime" had been "giving encouragement to the aggressors in North Korea."

If the Council stopped its efforts against the Korean invaders to take up the Chinese issue again, it would "betray the people of the world to grave doubts on its sincerity."

Mr. Malik surprised observers by giving the floor to the "representative of China" and not saying "Yes" as he did yesterday when Dr. Tsiang requested the floor.

After Dr. Tsiang spoke, Mr. Malik took the floor to propose that the Council first vote on the two items proposed by the Soviet Union, then on the item proposed by the United States. He repeated several times that the rules of procedure call for the President to draw up and approve the agenda, and then for the Council to approve or reject it. Other delegations could add their items only after the agenda had been thus approved or rejected.—United Press.

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BELGIUM THREATENED BY FURTHER TROUBLE

Brussels, August 2.

The threat of a new Cabinet crisis hung over Belgium tonight as some of King Leopold's staunchest supporters declared that he had been "betrayed" in Party talks leading to his decision to leave the throne. The Catholic Prime Minister, M. Jean Duvieusart, who played a leading part in bringing the King back from exile 11 days ago, has already had to be dissuaded from resigning, sources close to the Government said today.

INSIDE STORY OF CRISIS

Brussels, August 2.

Belgium was within 20 minutes of a revolution yesterday. The capital would have been stormed at 7.00 p.m. if King Leopold had not signed his proclamation quelling the throne 20 minutes before.

Reuters' correspondent at Brussels learned these facts tonight from reliable sources close to the Government, who disclosed the full story of the dramatic moves that ended the 10-day monarchy.

It was a story of a tense clash between the King and even his staunch supporters in the all-Catholic Cabinet, as angry Walloons marched on the heavily guarded capital.

The anti-Leopold demonstrators had orders to storm Brussels at seven o'clock if Leopold had not agreed to the Socialists' terms. Leopold, these sources disclosed, tried vainly to impose his own conditions and once even staged a walk-out on his own Cabinet.

At one point during the all-night wrangling, the whole Government, unshaven and haggard, tendered their resignations—except for the Minister of the Interior, M. Albert Vieschawuer. He alone stood solidly by his King.

Leopold called him to private consultations as the other Ministers anxiously watched the minute hands of their watches flicking round towards seven o'clock—and civil war.

Eventually, they sent word to the King, closeted with M. de Vieschawuer, that they could wait no longer and would leave the Palace.

The Minister of the Interior hurried out to them and pleaded on behalf of Leopold for the withdrawal of their resignations. Leopold, he announced, had agreed to sign the proclamation unconditionally.

Urgent telephone calls were made to the Socialist leaders, who immediately countermanded their orders for the march on the capital.

Thus ended the crisis—and the 10-day resumed reign of Leopold III.—Reuters.

ASSASSINATION IN SYRIA

Beirut, August 2.

Reports reaching here from Syria today concerning the assassination on Monday night of Colonel Mohammed Nagor, Syria's Air Force Chief, alleged that he was the victim of a dispute between himself and the Army Commander.

The military censor has forbidden the publication of any details concerning the Colonel's death in the Syrian Press, but a deputy Abdullah Yunis, made reference to it in yesterday's meeting of the Syrian Assembly.

He said: "This crime proves that chaos has attained its maximum limits. Those who killed Nagor can kill the Assembly President, the Prime Minister, or for that matter, any deputy."

M. Yunis added: "It is time to speak frankly and I predict that the assassins will not be punished but elevated in rank."—Reuters.

Mystery submarines sighted off the Australian coast

Canberra, August 2.

Australia announced emergency plans tonight to construct a fleet of anti-submarine vessels after authoritative sources disclosed that foreign submarines had been operating off the Australian coast.

The Navy Minister, Joseph Francis, announced that Australia would construct six 2,000-ton anti-submarine frigates, at a cost of £12,000,000, to strengthen the nation's submarine defences.

Authoritative sources disclosed at the same time that the Government was converting an East coast naval base into a powerful fortress equipped with bomb-proof submarine pens. Hundreds of experts were recruited, some from Britain, as the Government rushed construction plans.

Some of the foreign submarines spotted in Australian waters were believed to have been identified but the nationality of the power concerned is a strict secret.

Sources said fishermen first detected the submarines, believed to be among the world's largest, fastest and most modern. The undersea craft were believed to have been on long-distance cruises in the Pacific to test latest constructional techniques.

The Navy Minister, in announcing the frigate programme, said development of large submarines, with high underwater speed and capable of long submergence made it necessary to modernize the Royal Australian Navy's anti-submarine force.

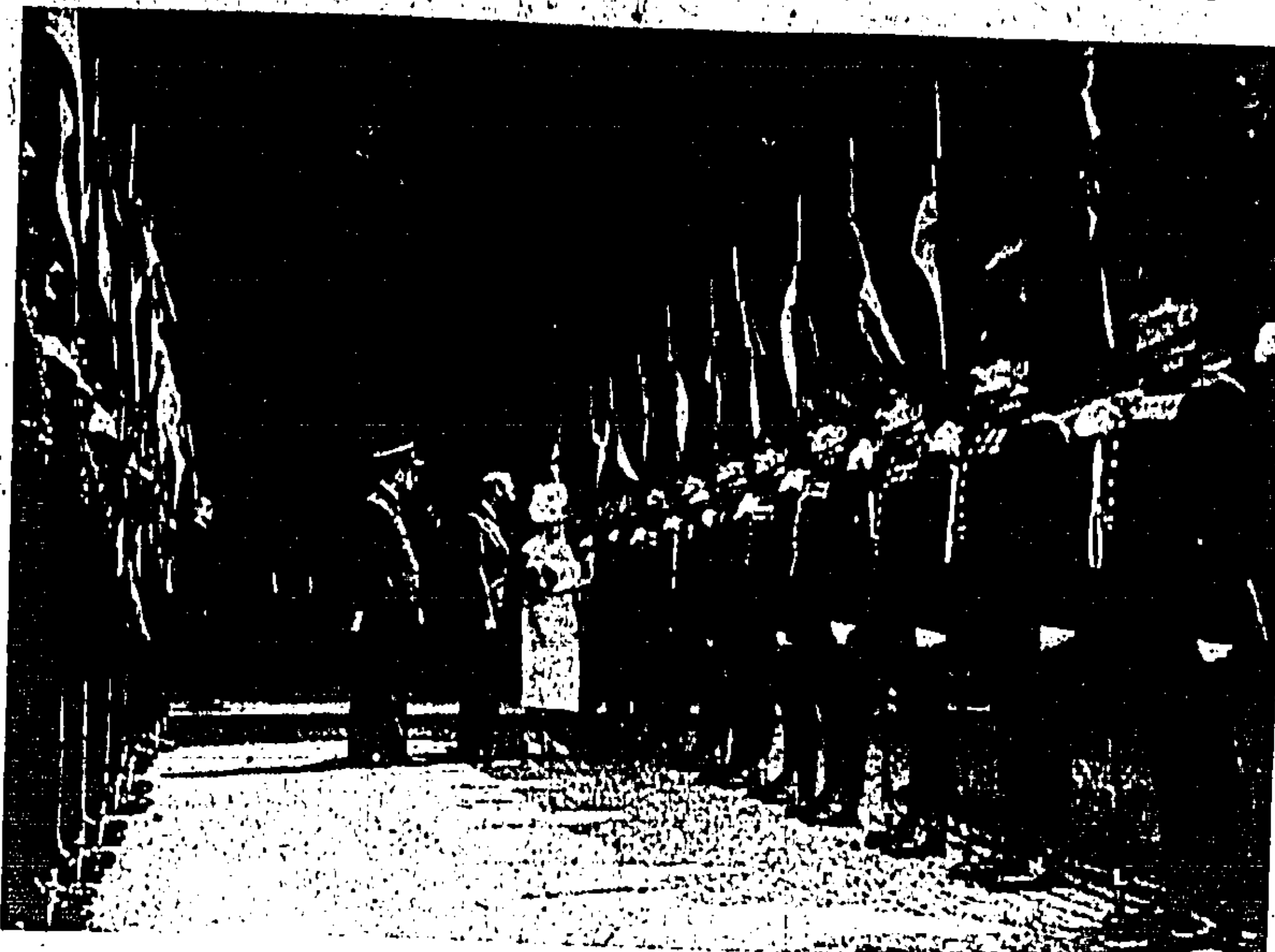
"Such submarines, in the possession of the enemy in time of war would present a grave threat to our merchant shipping," he said.

Construction of the frigates will interrupt the programme to add new destroyers to the Australian Fleet.

The acting Prime Minister, A. W. Fadden, said Australia would be built up immediately to full war strength, to provide troops for Korea at the earliest possible date. Reliable sources said some 400 battle-hardened veterans may be flown from Australia almost immediately under the plan. Although Mr. Fadden did not mention the size of the force to fight beside the U.S. troops in Korea, authoritative sources said the figure would probably reach 2,000.—United Press.

THE CHINA MAIL, FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1950.

King unveils war memorial



A Memorial to the Metropolitan Police who lost their lives during two world wars was unveiled in Westminster Abbey by the King. Men and women of the Force marched in procession from Horse Guards Parade to the Abbey, led by the Metropolitan Police Central Band. Men of the Mounted Branch with pennoned lances provided a guard of Honour for the King, accompanied by the Queen, as he arrived at the West Door of the Abbey. The King and Queen were accompanied by a member of the guard of honour as they leave the Abbey after the ceremony. (Associated Press Photo).

America going ahead with hydrogen bomb

Washington, August 2.

The Atomic Energy Commission disclosed today that it has contracted with E. I. DuPont de Nemours and Co. to build plants for the production of hydrogen bomb explosives. President Truman last month asked Congress for \$260,000,000, with which to develop the hydrogen super-bomb.

Dupont will design, build and operate the new production facilities at a site yet to be determined. In picking the site, the Commission said, it will take into account military considerations, including vulnerability to attack.

As the AEC was making its announcement, Congressional sources hinted that the President may soon ask for more money, to push the completion of the H-bomb and expand the production of atomic bombs.

Democratic Senator Brien McMahon said after a secret conference with defence chiefs that the United States should expand its H-bomb and A-bomb programme substantially. "There is no question in my mind but that our atomic stockpile is the chief deterrent to expanded Soviet aggression," Senator McMahon said.

Dupont will build and operate for the H-bomb project atomic furnaces similar to the huge production "piles" at Hanford, Washington, where the A-bomb explosive, plutonium, is manufactured. The Government will get only one dollar fee, Dupont built and operated the original wartime plutonium plant on the same basis. The new reactors or furnaces will be of advanced design, the AEC said.

For the H-bomb project, a soft silver-like metal, Lithium, will be transmuted into heavy hydrogen by means of a tritium which scientists say can be triggered into ultra-violent explosion by the A-bomb. If the H-bomb does not develop or if world peace is assured, tritium can be quickly converted to the production of atomic fuels for peacetime uses. Dupont has been doing preliminary work in connection with the project.

To oversee the project, the AEC set up a new operations office, its ninth major field installation which will be headed by Curtis Nelson, 46-year-old Nebraskan who served with the wartime atomic project.

The Commission and Dupont are looking for a site they want. It is expected to cover about 200,000 acres—more than 300 square miles. Several communities have bid for it.

The regular Congressional appropriation for the Atomic Energy Commission this year would provide about \$650,000,000 for the atomic programme.

In addition, the President has asked for a supplementary sum of \$260,000,000 for the hydrogen programme.

Chairman McMahon said there is a widespread impression that the United States is spending about \$1,000,000,000 a year on atomics. Actually, he said, only a little more than \$300,000,000 was spent last year.—United Press.

Montreal, August 2.

A group of 15 international unions with a membership of 90,000 today set August 22 as the date for a strike unless their wage-hour demands on the Canadian railroads were met. The announcement was made following a series of meetings by spokesmen for the International Brotherhoods.—Reuters.

SERETSE KHAMA TOLD TO LEAVE

Johannesburg, August 2.

Seretse Khama, the banned Bamangwato chief, his English wife, Ruth, and their baby daughter, were today given 14 days to leave Bechuanaland.

The order came after it proved impossible to reach an agreement with them in regard to arrangements for their departure. The United Kingdom Information Office announced here today.

Seretse, whom the British Government expelled from Bechuanaland for five years, was permitted to return for the birth of his daughter last May and to settle a legal dispute with his uncle, the former Regent Tlokeleng.

Seretse and his family are booked to leave Bechuanaland by air on August 18.—Reuters.

WESTERN UNION STAFF EXERCISE

Brussels, August 2.

Senior military officers of the five Western Union countries are attending a staff exercise at Fontainebleau, near Paris, from August 1 to 4, directed by General de Maltre de Tassigny, Commander-in-Chief, Land Forces, Western Europe.

Officers of the Army, Navy and Air Force of Britain, France, Belgium, Holland and Luxembourg are participating in the exercise, one of a series of periodic meetings held to study problems of Western European defence.—Reuters.

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Westerling asks Court to halt extradition

Singapore, August 2.
An application for the halting of extradition proceedings against him by the Indonesian Government was brought by Captain Raymond "Turco" Westerling before the Singapore Supreme Court today.
Westerling was the leader of the "Army of the Heavenly Host" which captured the Indonesian city of Bandoeng in January this year.

His Counsel, Mr. F.R.N. Massey, maintained that a treaty between Britain and Holland could not apply to the newly-created Indonesian independent State. Even if it did it could only concern the extradition of Indonesian subjects — and Westerling was not such a subject.

Representing the Government of Singapore, Mr. C. H. Butterfield, the Acting Attorney-General, told the Court that the British Foreign Office regarded treaties between Britain and Holland as applying to the United States of Indonesia.

The case was adjourned until tomorrow after submissions.
Westerling was originally sentenced to 40 days imprisonment and later to six weeks for assaulting an Indonesian cell-mate.
April 24, he was born in Istanbul of mixed Dutch-Turkish-Greek parentage.
His counsel, addressing the Supreme Court today, complained that the Attorney-General had declined to disclose to him the form and date of British recognition of Indonesia as a sovereign State.

Up to Executive

Replying, the Acting Attorney-General said that the question of treaty application was exclusively one for the Executive in this case the British Foreign Office — on whose decision the Court must be guided.

This was, he said, a political question and he was not prepared to make a statement on the date and form of British recognition of Indonesia unless requested by the Court.

"It is not the business of the Court to inquire whether the Foreign Office has the right to decide that a treaty exists," he said.
"I submit that it is most undesirable that there should be conflict between the Executive and the courts on matters of such political importance."

Westerling has been held in Changi Gaol on Singapore Island since his sensational escape from Indonesia by seaplane last February. The Indonesian Government wants to charge him with murder and war crimes. — Reuter.

U.S. ARMS AID

Washington, August 2.
United States officials said today that nearly 200,000 tons of American weapons and military supplies had been delivered to friendly foreign governments during the past five months.
The total will probably be doubled or tripled within the next few months, they said.
President Truman asked Congress yesterday for an additional \$4,000,000,000 for arming non-Communist countries. — Reuter.

Press reaction to proceedings in UN

Paris, August 2.
The Conservative evening newspaper "Le Monde" today emphasised the importance of Sir Benegal Rau's statement in the Security Council yesterday that priority given to procedural questions might result in the disruption of the United Nations.

Referring to the Indian delegate's speech, the paper said, "There is no doubt that his words will carry a long echo along the shores of the Pacific."
"Le Monde" observed also that the Security Council's vote on the Chinese representation showed to what extent the world had been shocked by the North Korean aggression.

The newspaper remarked that everyone is now wondering why Soviet Russia has not left the United Nations Organisation, adding that the guess that she was staying there for obstructive purposes was probably correct.

"But the fact that she succeeded in breaking the unity of the free nations must not be underestimated," "Le Monde" concluded.
On the question of the adverse vote from Britain and Norway instead of their expected abstention, the paper wrote, "The aggression of June 25 against a country recognised and protected by the United Nations has led Britain and Norway to revise their position. They voted not so much in favour of Nationalist China as against Communist China, morally a supporter of North Korea."

"JUNGLE GIRL" WEDS MALAY

Singapore, August 2.
A 21-year-old Malay school-teacher, who says he fell in love at first sight, was married secretly last night to Bertha Hertogh, the 15-year-old girl whom the Singapore Appeal Court decided should not be returned to her Dutch parents.
The bridegroom, Mansoor Abbi, said he met Bertha during the Court proceedings here and "felt something stir within me."
Earlier, a usually reliable source said that Bertha, who was brought up as a Malay, met her husband only 24 hours before they were married in a Moslem ceremony.
This source said that the girl was told that her marriage would make certain that the Court's decision would not be reversed by any appeal by her parents in Holland.

Many Malay girls marry at the age of 13. Bertha fled into the jungle with her foster-mother, Aminah, when the Japanese invaded the East Indies in 1942. She was brought up as a Malay and speaks only Malay.
A Singapore Court ordered earlier this year that she be returned to her parents in Holland but the Court of Appeal last week set aside the order.

A report from The Hague on Saturday said that the Dutch Government was trying to secure Bertha's return to her parents, despite the Appeal Court's decision.

Bertha's foster-mother said this morning she had received a letter from lawyers representing the Dutch Consul-General, here demanding that Bertha be handed over to the Consul-General.
"It came several hours too late," Aminah said. "My child is now happily and safely married."
Neither Bertha nor her husband would talk to reporters. — Reuter.

MALAN'S POLICY CRITICISED

Johannesburg, August 2.
General Smuts' opposition United Party today condemned the South African Government for not announcing any definite action yet to meet the United Nations' appeal for assistance in Korea.
The Party, in a statement, called on the Government to accept its responsibilities as a member of the United Nations.
If any real difficulty prevented response to the United Nations request, Parliament should be called together so that the United Nations' confidence, it added, — Reuter.

Danger to the Middle East

Capetown, August 2.
General Frank Theron, South African Minister to Greece, Italy and Egypt, warned today that the Soviet Union's need for oil posed a danger to the Middle East.

General Theron, who is here on leave, said all signs pointed to Russian uneasiness over her dwindling oil supplies. The Middle East, with its rich oil fields, was the focal point of interest for South Africa in the world situation. South Africa feared any Russian attacks in the Middle East because South Africa did not want to see Communism expand into Africa.

South African acceptance of a seat on the United Nations African Commission reflected the nation's concern for the future of North Africa. — United Press.

MONKS PRESSED INTO ARMY

Rangoon, August 2.
Communists have pressed Buddhist monks into the army they are raising at Weile, 35 miles North of Mandalay, it was officially reported today.

The monks have begun their military training alongside laymen also conscripted by the Communists. — The Associated Press.

U.S. LOANS TO IRAN TO BE ISSUED SOON

TEHERAN, August 2.
The U.S. Ambassador, Henry Grady, said today that loans promised by the Export-Import Bank will be issued in the next few weeks to raise the low Iranian living standards by helping peasants and small businessmen.
A Washington announcement that the bank is sending a mission to approve loan projects was hailed as good news by American officials here.

But Iranians were inclined to greet the announcement as more of the same talk of economic aid they have been hearing since the war's end — but with no concrete help.

The influential conservative newspaper "Tolon" said "American aid to Iran has so far been only words," and declared "Only immediate help can save the nation from the iron curtain threat."

"At present there is a wave of despair and pessimism over the minds of all Iranians with respect to United States aid to Iran," the newspaper said.

American officials discount Iranian pessimism, declaring that the Washington announcement had finally given the green light for a start to co-ordinated economic aid.

As in the China situation, the State Department has been

reluctant to send funds to Iran for fear that past governments would squander aid without helping the poorer classes.

First projects

Mr. Grady said the first projects to be submitted to the bank for approval include purchases of farm machinery and tools, road building and irrigation equipment, as well as trucks and buses. He was also suggesting loans to rehabilitate small private industries where there is likely to be a quick increase in employment.

Both Iranian and American officials here privately see little likelihood of any Russian invasion in the near future — unless there is a third world war. Well-informed sources say that the poverty-stricken lower classes are providing a fertile field for the underground growth of Communism unless something is done this year to raise the living standards. — Associated Press.

BRITAIN TO MASS PRODUCE URANIUM 235

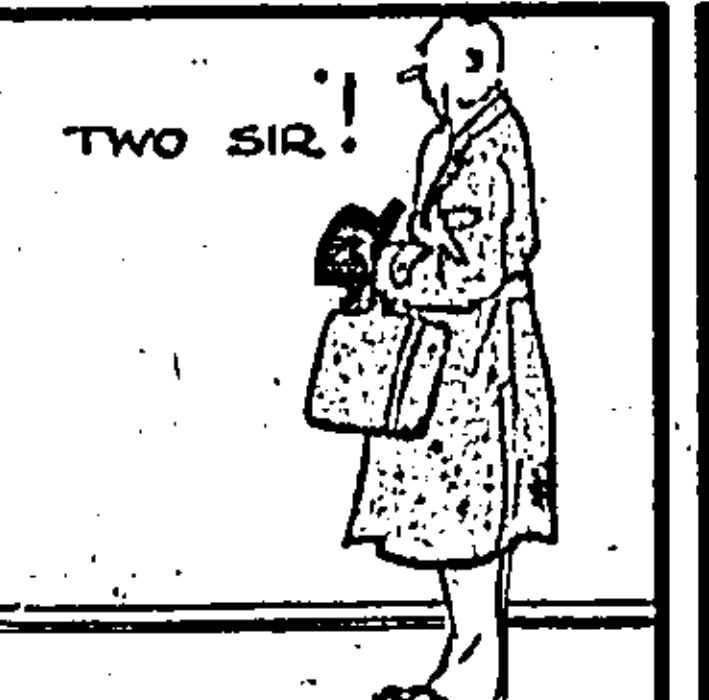
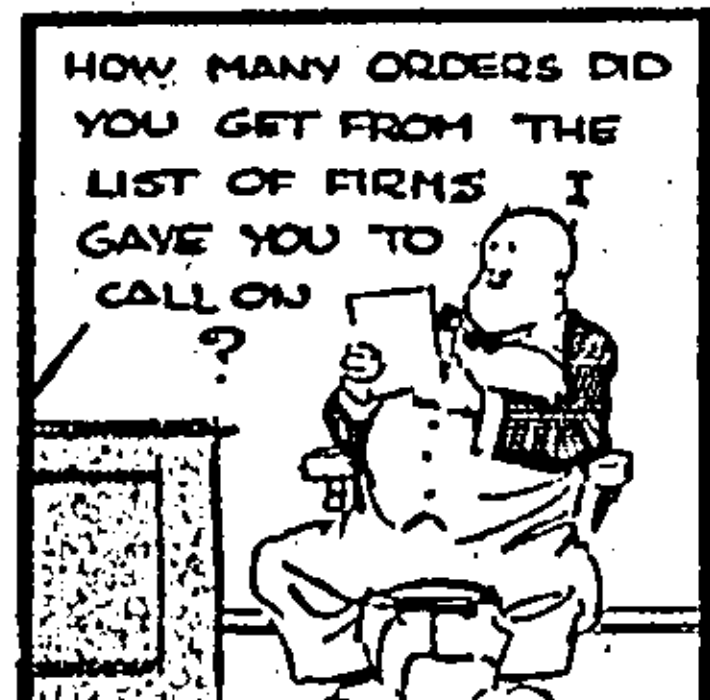
London, August 2.
The "Daily Express" said today that Britain planned to construct a £10,000,000 plant for the mass production of Uranium 235.

The newspaper said the step meant that the Government had decided to make Britain independent of America for supplies and added that the plant would begin production within two years, using ore from the Belgian Congo.

The plant will be built at the atom research station at Capenhurst in Cheshire. The "Express" said that an agreement by the British Government to let the United States have Belgian Congo ore in return for data on making plutonium had broken down after the arrest and conviction of Klaus Fuchs, who gave atom secrets to the Russians and is now serving a prison term.

The plutonium unit already started had not been completed, although there was no indication that it would be abandoned. — United Press.

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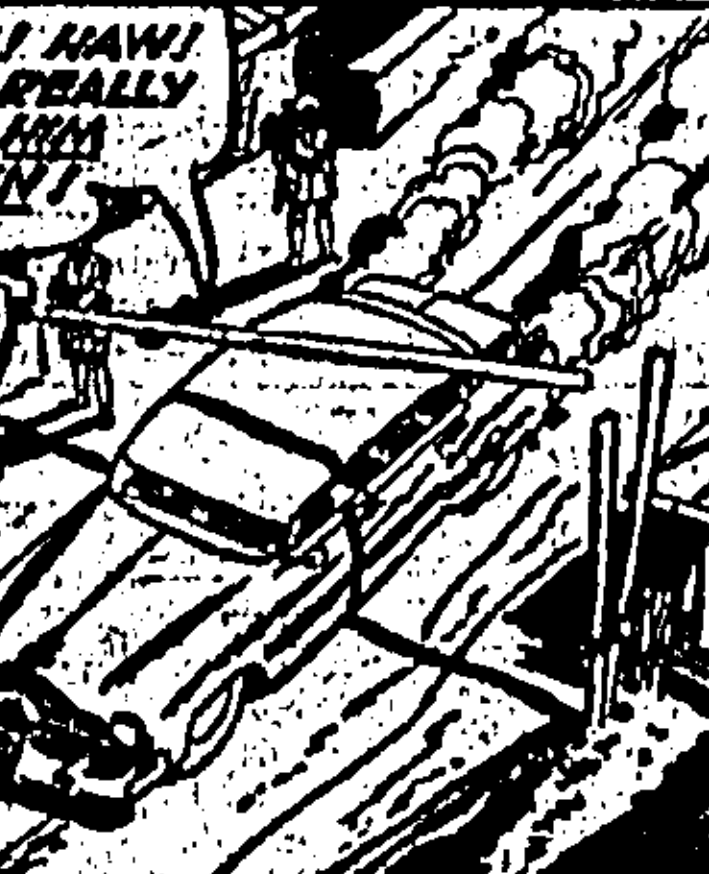
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AMERICA TO CALL UP MORE MEN FOR FORCES

IRO official gives talk on refugees

The problem of the homeless millions in Europe and Asia during the last war was the subject of an address by Mr. Richard J. Youdin, Assistant to the Director-General, International Refugee Organisation, United Nations, at the Hong Kong Hotel yesterday.

Speaking at the weekly luncheon of the Y's Men's Club on "The Homeless Millions," Mr. Youdin revealed that several million refugees had been sent back to their homes from Germany.

Out of the original total of 10,000,000 refugees in Germany, only 1,500,000 were left in 1947. Because of political and economic changes, these refugees had no place to go or had refused to leave.

As a result of negotiations among the United Nations, the IRO set up to help the refugees in 1947.

The definition of a refugee is clearly stated in the IRO Charter. "Generally speaking, a refugee refers to a person who is unable to go home after the war. Prisoners of war are also included in this category," the speaker said.

In the three years since the organisation of the IRO, 70,000 refugees had been sent back out of the remaining 1,500,000 in Germany.

To assist the others, re-settlement schemes were planned by IRO in conjunction with other nations.

Mr. Youdin stated that 39 nations have agreed to accept refugees into their countries for the re-settlement schemes.

The United States alone has agreed to take in 339,000 refugees.

The Societe de Litterature et d'Art Francais in Hong Kong are sending out invitations to a Piano Recital by the celebrated artist Louise Mayer. It will be given at the Hong Kong Hotel Roof Garden on August 7 at 9 p.m. and will be under the patronage of the Consul-General of France.

The pianist, who is one of the most notable of the graduates of the Conservatoire of Paris, will play one of her own compositions, and her selections from the works of other composers are wide and varied. They range from Debussy to Chopin, and also include Schumann, Brahms, Granados, as well as others not so familiar.

Details were expected from the United Nations Command in Korea as to the type of equipment needed for the South Korean front, Ankara Radio added.

Mr. Vinson said he was planning for 250,000 Marines and 24 Marine air squadrons instead of the currently authorised 18 squadrons.—United Press.

The Turkish Minister of War, Redif Ince, today announced that Turkey was making preparations to send one regiment to Southern Korea, Ankara Radio reported.

Washington, August 2.

The Army will increase its strength by 400,000 men before the end of the year in a stepped-up manpower drive that foreshadows more draft calls and further mobilisation of the National Guard.

The Army's goal of at least 1,000,000 men this year was revealed by officials, who also said the Marine Corps was aiming at nearly 180,000 men instead of the previously-adjudged 128,900.

The officials said the Marines would build toward three divisions instead of two and would increase their air arm.

Congressional sources said the Marine build-up meant the Navy would also have to raise its manpower limits since it provided support for the Marines. They are aiming at a combined strength of about 2,311,000 officers and men, compared to 1,500,000 in uniform when the Korean war began.

The new Army and Marine Corps manpower targets mean the Army, Navy and Air Force are aiming at a combined strength of about 2,311,000 officers and men, compared to 1,500,000 in uniform when the Korean war began.

The chairman of the House Armed Services Committee, Representative Carl Vinson, said the Army wanted to add over a 1,000,000 men.

He fixed no date, but it was learned elsewhere that military leaders planned to reach the goal by the end of the year.

This would be about 170,000 men above the goal outlined by Defence officials and about 400,000 over present strength.

The goal presumably cannot be reached without more draft calls and the summoning of additional National Guard divisions. The Army has already called for 100,000 conscripts in September and October and has summoned four Guard divisions to active duty next month.

Mr. Vinson said he was planning for 250,000 Marines and 24 Marine air squadrons instead of the currently authorised 18 squadrons.—United Press.

PIANO RECITAL

The Societe de Litterature et d'Art Francais in Hong Kong are sending out invitations to a Piano Recital by the celebrated artist Louise Mayer. It will be given at the Hong Kong Hotel Roof Garden on August 7 at 9 p.m. and will be under the patronage of the Consul-General of France.

The pianist, who is one of the most notable of the graduates of the Conservatoire of Paris, will play one of her own compositions, and her selections from the works of other composers are wide and varied. They range from Debussy to Chopin, and also include Schumann, Brahms, Granados, as well as others not so familiar.

Details were expected from the United Nations Command in Korea as to the type of equipment needed for the South Korean front, Ankara Radio added.

Mr. Vinson said he was planning for 250,000 Marines and 24 Marine air squadrons instead of the currently authorised 18 squadrons.—United Press.

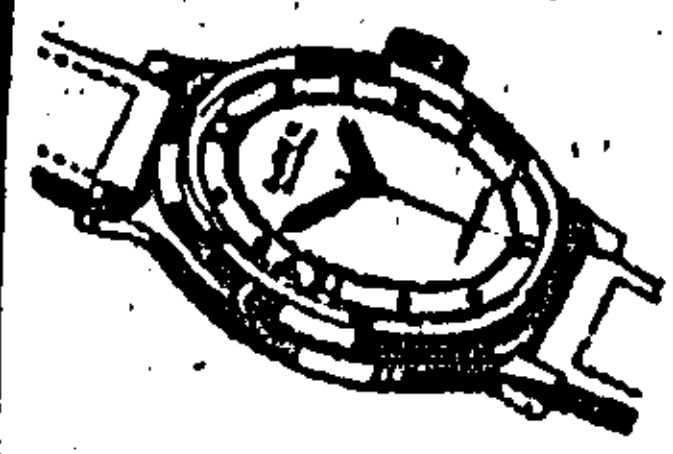
The Turkish Minister of War, Redif Ince, today announced that Turkey was making preparations to send one regiment to Southern Korea, Ankara Radio reported.

Mr. Vinson said he was planning for 250,000 Marines and 24 Marine air squadrons instead of the currently authorised 18 squadrons.—United Press.

St. John Orders

Orders by Mr. A. el Arculli, Commissioner, St. John Ambulance Brigade, Hong Kong District, Order No. 30/50 dated August 4—

Ambulance Duties Hong Kong: August 6 to 12, Eastern Division; August 13 to 19, Causeway Bay Division; August 20 to 26, Kowloon Division; August 27 to 33, Kowloon Y.M.C.A. Division; August 34 to 40, Mong Kok Division; August 41 to 47, Kowloon Division; August 48 to 54, Kowloon Division; August 55 to 61, Kowloon Division; August 62 to 68, Kowloon Division; August 69 to 75, Kowloon Division; August 76 to 82, Kowloon Division; August 83 to 89, Kowloon Division; August 90 to 96, Kowloon Division; August 97 to 103, Kowloon Division; August 104 to 110, Kowloon Division; August 111 to 117, Kowloon Division; August 118 to 124, Kowloon Division; August 125 to 131, Kowloon Division; August 132 to 138, Kowloon Division; August 139 to 145, Kowloon Division; August 146 to 152, Kowloon Division; August 153 to 159, Kowloon Division; August 160 to 166, Kowloon Division; August 167 to 173, Kowloon Division; August 174 to 180, Kowloon Division; August 181 to 187, Kowloon Division; August 188 to 194, Kowloon Division; August 195 to 201, Kowloon Division; August 202 to 208, Kowloon Division; August 209 to 215, Kowloon Division; August 216 to 222, Kowloon Division; August 223 to 229, Kowloon Division; August 230 to 236, Kowloon Division; August 237 to 243, Kowloon Division; August 244 to 250, Kowloon Division; August 251 to 257, Kowloon Division; August 258 to 264, Kowloon Division; August 265 to 271, Kowloon Division; August 272 to 278, Kowloon Division; August 279 to 285, Kowloon Division; August 286 to 292, Kowloon Division; August 293 to 299, Kowloon Division; August 300 to 306, Kowloon Division; August 307 to 313, Kowloon Division; August 314 to 320, Kowloon Division; August 321 to 327, Kowloon Division; August 328 to 334, Kowloon Division; August 335 to 341, Kowloon Division; August 342 to 348, Kowloon Division; August 349 to 355, Kowloon Division; August 356 to 362, Kowloon Division; August 363 to 369, Kowloon Division; August 370 to 376, Kowloon Division; August 377 to 383, Kowloon Division; August 384 to 390, Kowloon Division; August 391 to 397, Kowloon Division; August 398 to 404, Kowloon Division; August 405 to 411, Kowloon Division; August 412 to 418, Kowloon Division; August 419 to 425, Kowloon Division; August 426 to 432, Kowloon Division; August 433 to 439, Kowloon Division; August 440 to 446, Kowloon Division; August 447 to 453, Kowloon Division; August 454 to 460, Kowloon Division; August 461 to 467, Kowloon Division; August 468 to 474, Kowloon Division; August 475 to 481, Kowloon Division; August 482 to 488, Kowloon Division; August 489 to 495, Kowloon Division; August 496 to 502, Kowloon Division; August 503 to 509, Kowloon Division; August 510 to 516, Kowloon Division; August 517 to 523, Kowloon Division; August 524 to 530, Kowloon Division; August 531 to 537, Kowloon Division; August 538 to 544, Kowloon Division; August 545 to 551, Kowloon Division; August 552 to 558, Kowloon Division; August 559 to 565, Kowloon Division; August 566 to 572, Kowloon Division; August 573 to 579, Kowloon Division; August 580 to 586, Kowloon Division; August 587 to 593, Kowloon Division; August 594 to 600, Kowloon Division; August 601 to 607, Kowloon Division; August 608 to 614, Kowloon Division; August 615 to 621, Kowloon Division; August 622 to 628, Kowloon Division; August 629 to 635, Kowloon Division; August 636 to 642, Kowloon Division; August 643 to 649, Kowloon Division; August 650 to 656, Kowloon Division; August 657 to 663, Kowloon Division; August 664 to 670, Kowloon Division; August 671 to 677, Kowloon Division; August 678 to 684, Kowloon Division; August 685 to 691, Kowloon Division; August 692 to 698, Kowloon Division; August 699 to 705, Kowloon Division; August 706 to 712, Kowloon Division; August 713 to 719, Kowloon Division; August 720 to 726, Kowloon Division; August 727 to 733, Kowloon Division; August 734 to 740, Kowloon Division; August 741 to 747, Kowloon Division; August 748 to 754, Kowloon Division; August 755 to 761, Kowloon Division; August 762 to 768, Kowloon Division; August 769 to 775, Kowloon Division; August 776 to 782, Kowloon Division; August 783 to 789, Kowloon Division; August 790 to 796, Kowloon Division; August 797 to 803, Kowloon Division; August 804 to 810, Kowloon Division; August 811 to 817, Kowloon Division; August 818 to 824, Kowloon Division; August 825 to 831, Kowloon Division; August 832 to 838, Kowloon Division; August 839 to 845, Kowloon Division; August 846 to 852, Kowloon Division; August 853 to 859, Kowloon Division; August 860 to 866, Kowloon Division; August 867 to 873, Kowloon Division; August 874 to 880, Kowloon Division; August 881 to 887, Kowloon Division; August 888 to 894, Kowloon Division; August 895 to 901, Kowloon Division; August 902 to 908, Kowloon Division; August 909 to 915, Kowloon Division; August 916 to 922, Kowloon Division; August 923 to 929, Kowloon Division; August 930 to 936, Kowloon Division; August 937 to 943, Kowloon Division; August 944 to 950, Kowloon Division; August 951 to 957, Kowloon Division; August 958 to 964, Kowloon Division; August 965 to 971, Kowloon Division; August 972 to 978, Kowloon Division; August 979 to 985, Kowloon Division; August 986 to 992, Kowloon Division; August 993 to 999, Kowloon Division; August 1000 to 1006, Kowloon Division; August 1007 to 1013, Kowloon Division; August 1014 to 1020, Kowloon Division; August 1021 to 1027, Kowloon Division; August 1028 to 1034, Kowloon Division; August 1035 to 1041, Kowloon Division; August 1042 to 1048, Kowloon Division; August 1049 to 1055, Kowloon Division; August 1056 to 1062, Kowloon Division; August 1063 to 1069, Kowloon Division; August 1070 to 1076, Kowloon Division; August 1077 to 1083, Kowloon Division; August 1084 to 1090, Kowloon Division; August 1091 to 1097, Kowloon Division; August 1098 to 1104, Kowloon Division; August 1105 to 1111, Kowloon Division; August 1112 to 1118, Kowloon Division; August 1119 to 1125, Kowloon Division; August 1126 to 1132, Kowloon Division; August 1133 to 1139, Kowloon Division; August 1140 to 1146, Kowloon Division; August 1147 to 1153, Kowloon Division; August 1154 to 1160, Kowloon Division; August 1161 to 1167, Kowloon Division; August 1168 to 1174, Kowloon Division; August 1175 to 1181, Kowloon Division; August 1182 to 1188, Kowloon Division; August 1189 to 1195, Kowloon Division; August 1196 to 1202, Kowloon Division; August 1203 to 1209, Kowloon Division; August 1210 to 1216, Kowloon Division; August 1217 to 1223, Kowloon Division; August 1224 to 1230, Kowloon Division; August 1231 to 1237, Kowloon Division; August 1238 to 1244, Kowloon Division; August 1245 to 1251, Kowloon Division; August 1252 to 1258, Kowloon Division; August 1259 to 1265, Kowloon Division; August 1266 to 1272, Kowloon Division; August 1273 to 1279, Kowloon Division; August 1280 to 1286, Kowloon Division; August 1287 to 1293, Kowloon Division; August 1294 to 1300, Kowloon Division; August 1301 to 1307, Kowloon Division; August 1308 to 1314, Kowloon Division; August 1315 to 1321, Kowloon Division; August 1322 to 1328, Kowloon Division; August 1329 to 1335, Kowloon Division; August 1336 to 1342, Kowloon Division; August 1343 to 1349, Kowloon Division; August 1350 to 1356, Kowloon Division; August 1357 to 1363, Kowloon Division; August 1364 to 1370, Kowloon Division; August 1371 to 1377, Kowloon Division; August 1378 to 1384, Kowloon Division; August 1385 to 1391, Kowloon Division; August 1392 to 1398, Kowloon Division; August 1399 to 1405, Kowloon Division; August 1406 to 1412, Kowloon Division; August 1413 to 1419, Kowloon Division; August 1420 to 1426, Kowloon Division; August 1427 to 1433, Kowloon Division; August 1434 to 1440, Kowloon Division; August 1441 to 1447, Kowloon Division; August 1448 to 1454, Kowloon Division; August 1455 to 1461, Kowloon Division; August 1462 to 1468, Kowloon Division; August 1469 to 1475, Kowloon Division; August 1476 to 1482, Kowloon Division; August 1483 to 1489, Kowloon Division; August 1490 to 1496, Kowloon Division; August 1497 to 1503, Kowloon Division; August 1504 to 1510, Kowloon Division; August 1511 to 1517, Kowloon Division; August 1518 to 1524, Kowloon Division; August 1525 to 1531, Kowloon Division; August 1532 to 1538, Kowloon Division; August 1539 to 1545, Kowloon Division; August 1546 to 1552, Kowloon Division; August 1553 to 1559, Kowloon Division; August 1560 to 1566, Kowloon Division; August 1567 to 1573, Kowloon Division; August 1574 to 1580, Kowloon Division; August 1581 to 1587, Kowloon Division; August 1588 to 1594, Kowloon Division; August 1595 to 1601, Kowloon Division; August 1602 to 1608, Kowloon Division; August 1609 to 1615, Kowloon Division; August 1616 to 1622, Kowloon Division; August 1623 to 1629, Kowloon Division; August 1630 to 1636, Kowloon Division; August 1637 to 1643, Kowloon Division; August 1644 to 1650, Kowloon Division; August 1651 to 1657, Kowloon Division; August 1658 to 1664, Kowloon Division; August 1665 to 1671, Kowloon Division; August 1672 to 1678, Kowloon Division; August 1679 to 1685, Kowloon Division; August 1686 to 1692, Kowloon Division; August 1693 to 1699, Kowloon Division; August 1700 to 1706, Kowloon Division; August 1707 to 1713, Kowloon Division; August 1714 to 1720, Kowloon Division; August 1721 to 1727, Kowloon Division; August 1728 to 1734, Kowloon Division; August 1735 to 1741, Kowloon Division; August 1742 to 1748, Kowloon Division; August 1749 to 1755, Kowloon Division; August 1756 to 1762, Kowloon Division; August 1763 to 1769, Kowloon Division; August 1770 to 1776, Kowloon Division; August 1777 to 1783, Kowloon Division; August 1784 to 1790, Kowloon Division; August 1791 to 1797, Kowloon Division; August 1798 to 1804, Kowloon Division; August 1805 to 1811, Kowloon Division; August 1812 to 1818, Kowloon Division; August 1819 to 1825, Kowloon Division; August 1826 to 1832, Kowloon Division; August 1833 to 1839, Kowloon Division; August 1840 to 1846, Kowloon Division; August 1847 to 1853, Kowloon Division; August 1854 to 1860, Kowloon Division; August 1861 to 1867, Kowloon Division; August 1868 to 1874, Kowloon Division; August 1875 to 1881, Kowloon Division; August 1882 to 1888, Kowloon Division; August 1889 to 1895, Kowloon Division; August 1896 to 1902, Kowloon Division; August 1903 to 1909, Kowloon Division; August 1910 to 1916, Kowloon Division; August 1917 to 1923, Kowloon Division; August 1924 to 1930, Kowloon Division; August 1931 to 1937, Kowloon Division; August 1938 to 1944, Kowloon Division; August 1945 to 1951, Kowloon Division; August 1952 to 1958, Kowloon Division; August 1959 to 1965, Kowloon Division; August 1966 to 1972, Kowloon Division; August 1973 to 1979, Kowloon Division; August 1980 to 1986, Kowloon Division; August 1987 to 1993, Kowloon Division; August 1994 to 2000, Kowloon Division; August 2001 to 2007, Kowloon Division; August 2008 to 2014, Kowloon Division; August 2015 to 2021, Kowloon Division; August 2022 to 2028, Kowloon Division; August 2029 to 2035, Kowloon Division; August 2036 to 2042, Kowloon Division; August 2043 to 2049, Kowloon Division; August 2050 to 2056, Kowloon Division; August 2057 to 2063, Kowloon Division; August 2064 to 2070, Kowloon Division; August 2071 to 2077, Kowloon Division; August 2078 to 2084, Kowloon Division; August 2085 to 2091, Kowloon Division; August 2092 to 2098, Kowloon Division; August 2099 to 2105, Kowloon Division; August 2106 to 2112, Kowloon Division; August 2113 to 2119, Kowloon Division; August 2120 to 2126, Kowloon Division; August 2127 to 2133, Kowloon Division; August 2134 to 2140, Kowloon Division; August 2141 to 2147, Kowloon Division; August 2148 to 2154, Kowloon Division; August 2155 to 2161, Kowloon Division; August 2162 to 2168, Kowloon Division; August 2169 to 2175, Kowloon Division; August 2176 to 2182, Kowloon Division; August 2183 to 2189, Kowloon Division; August 2190 to 2196, Kowloon Division; August 2197 to 2203, Kowloon Division; August 2204 to 2210, Kowloon Division; August 2211 to 2217, Kowloon Division; August 2218 to 2224, Kowloon Division; August 2225 to 2231, Kowloon Division; August 2232 to 2238, Kowloon Division; August 2239 to 2245, Kowloon Division; August 2246 to 2252, Kowloon Division; August 2253 to 2259, Kowloon Division; August 2260 to 2266, Kowloon Division; August 2267 to 2273, Kowloon Division; August 2274 to 2280, Kowloon Division; August 2281 to 2287, Kowloon Division; August 2288 to 2294, Kowloon Division; August 2295 to 2301, Kowloon Division; August 2302 to 2308, Kowloon Division; August 2309 to 2315, Kowloon Division; August 2316 to 2322, Kowloon Division; August 2323 to 2329, Kowloon Division; August 2330 to 2336, Kowloon Division; August 2337 to 2343, Kowloon Division; August 2344 to 2350, Kowloon Division; August 2351 to 2357, Kowloon Division; August 2358 to 2364, Kowloon Division; August 2365 to 2371, Kowloon Division; August 2372 to 2378, Kowloon Division; August 2379 to 2385, Kowloon Division; August 2386 to 2392, Kowloon Division; August 2393 to 2399, Kowloon Division; August 2400 to 2406, Kowloon Division; August 2407 to 2413, Kowloon Division; August 2414 to 2420, Kowloon Division; August 2421 to 2427, Kowloon Division; August 2428 to 2434, Kowloon Division; August 2435 to 2441, Kowloon Division; August 2442 to 2448, Kowloon Division; August 2449 to 2455, Kowloon Division; August 2456 to 2462, Kowloon Division; 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August 2645 to 2651, Kowloon Division; August 2652 to 2658, Kowloon Division; August 2659 to 2665, Kowloon Division; August 2666 to 2672, Kowloon Division; August 2673 to 2679, Kowloon Division; August 2680 to 2686, Kowloon Division; August 2687 to 2693, Kowloon Division; August 2694 to 2700, Kowloon Division; August 2701 to 2707, Kowloon Division; August 2708 to 2714, Kowloon Division; August 2715 to 2721, Kowloon Division; August 2722 to 2728, Kowloon Division; August 2729 to 2735, Kowloon Division; August 2736 to 2742, Kowloon Division; August 2743 to 2749, Kowloon Division; August 2750 to 2756, Kowloon Division; August 2757 to 2763, Kowloon Division; August 2764 to 2770, Kowloon Division; August 2771 to 2777, Kowloon Division; August 2778 to 2784, Kowloon Division; August 2785 to 2791, Kowloon Division; August 2792 to 2798, Kowloon Division; August 2799 to 2805, Kowloon Division; August 2806 to 2812, Kowloon Division; August 2813 to 2819, Kowloon Division; August 2820 to 2826, Kowloon Division; August 2827 to 2833, Kowloon Division; August 2834 to 2840, Kowloon Division; August 2841 to 2847, Kowloon Division; August 2848 to 2854, Kowloon Division; August 2855 to 2861, Kowloon Division; August 2862 to 2868, Kowloon Division; August 2869 to 2875, Kowloon Division; August 2876 to 2882, Kowloon Division; August 2883 to 2889, Kowloon Division; August 2890 to 2896, Kowloon Division; August 2897 to 2903, Kowloon Division; August 2904 to 2910, Kowloon Division; August 2911 to 2917, Kowloon Division; August 2918 to 2924



BUREN
THE PERFECT
SWISS WATCH

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1950.

W. INDIES SCORE 203 RUNS FOR THREE AGAINST SURREY

London, August 3. The West Indies tourists have scored 203 for three wickets at lunch today in their first innings against Surrey at the Oval. Surrey made 161 yesterday.

Continuing their overnight fourth wicket partnership, Marshall and Walcott were still together at lunch when they had added 139 and put the West Indies 42 ahead with seven wickets in hand.

The batsmen soon took the initiative with Walcott, the more enterprising of the pair. A four with a drive off Lock brought his score to 40 and put him ahead of Marshall to whom he gave 55 minutes start.

Another four brought him to 53 in an hour and three quarters and in the same over he put West Indies ahead after three and a quarter hours batting. The fourth stand had then reached three figures.

A little later came Marshall's 50, made in two hours and 50 minutes. When 71 with the total at 100, Walcott might have been caught from a return to Westminster but at lunch the fourth pair were still together.

Scores:

Surrey First Innings
Fishlock, c Gomez, b Johnson 2
Eric Bealser, c Walcott, b Johnson 29
May, c Christiansi, b Johnson 13
Constable, c Johnson, b Worrell 0
Worrell 0
Parker, c substitute b Gomez 43
Barton, c Rae, b Worrell 0
McIntyre, c Stollmeyer, b Laker, c Goddard, b Johnson 80
A.V. Bedder, c Christiansi, b Gomez 15
Lock, b Worrell 2
Westerman, not out 3
Extras 3
Total 161

Full of wickets: 1-2, 2-43, 3-45, 4-47, 5-47, 6-105, 7-120, 8-150, 9-155.

GOLE:

Eddie Ward sets a cracking pace

London, August 2. The newly instituted Daks £2,000 professional golf tournament, which opened on the Royal Mid-Surrey Course at Richmond today, had a mixed reception from the weather.

Storms of rain, accompanied at times by lightning and thunder claps and a rising wind as the day advanced, caused the starting order to fall more than an hour behind schedule so that it was more than 12 hours after the first man had started at 8.00 a.m. before the last card was handed in.

Equals course record

One of those earliest starters, Eddie Ward, set a cracking pace by equalling the course record of 65 and he had finished before the rainstorms started.

Flory Van Donck, of Waterloo, Brussels, and Ken Bousfield, the young British assistant, returned 66, and there were a few more scores in the late 60s but for the most part the weather won the day.

APPRENTICE RIDER BEATS GORDON RICHARDS

Bath, August 2. The Champion jockey, Gordon Richards, was successfully objected to by an apprentice rider, R. Carter, after thrilling finish for the Salford Sealing Plate here today.

Richards rode the 2 to 1 October Morn, who passed the post a head in front of the 15 to 8 favourite, Red Hackle, ridden by Carter.

The lateness in announcing the objection caused considerable confusion and backers in the paddock and Richmond could be seen vainly searching on the rain-soaked ground for tote tickets on Red Hackle—Reuter.

SUMATRA GIRLS' BASKETBALL TEAM BEATEN

The Chinese YMCA Girls' basketball team scored a convincing 14-14 win over the Sumatra girls' team at the Chinese YMCA last night.

LAWN TENNIS:

Recreio surprise S. China '2'

Club de Recreio sprang a surprise on South China AA yesterday when they defeated their No. 2 team 5½ sets to 3½ in a Men's Doubles "B" Division tennis encounter at King's Park yesterday.

M.A. Oliveira made a welcome return to the Men's Doubles team, playing for the first time this season and together with J. J. Remedios won two of their three sets.

Visiting the Hong Kong Cricket Club, Recreio's "C" Division team inflicted a nine sets to all defeat on their hosts.

Playing at Tai Hang the Chinese Recreation Club easily accounted for the Kowloon Cricket Club in the Mixed Doubles "A" Division by 7½ sets to 1½.

Results

Mixed Doubles "A" Division
CRC 7½-KCC 1½
V.T. Wong and Mrs. Tao (CRC) lost to F.R. Zimmerman and Mrs. L.F. Stokes 3-6; beat A.V. White and Miss P. Ward 6-3; beat L.F. Stokes and Mrs. B. Lawes 6-3.

W.T. Lee and Miss W. W. Chey (CRC) drew with Zimmerman and Mrs. Stokes 6-6; beat White and Miss Ward 6-4; beat Stokes and Mrs. Lawes 6-2.

Y.P. Tsui and Mrs. T.F. Lo (CRC) beat Zimmerman and Mrs. Stokes 6-2; beat White and Miss Ward 6-1; beat Stokes and Mrs. Lawes 6-2.

Men's Doubles "B" Division
Recreio 5½-SCAA 2½
J.J. Remedios and M.A. Oliveira (Recreio) lost to A. Chan and C.C. Yew 3-6; beat G. Lin and K. Lam 6-2; beat H.K. Ho and A. Wu 6-4.

H.A. Barros and L. Vieira (Recreio) lost to Chan and Yew 4-6; drew with Lin and Lam 6-6; beat Ho and Wu 6-3.

D.M. Rodrigues and A.F. Noronha (Recreio) beat Chan and Yew 6-4; lost to Lin and Lam 1-6; beat Ho and Wu 7-5.

Men's Doubles "C" Division
CRC 7½-KCC 1½
S.K. Wong and F.K. Lau (CRC) lost to A. Zimmerman and J.C. Fenton 2-6; drew with F. Grose and R. Lapsley 6-6; beat S.T. Chau and F.B. Cumine 6-1.

W.K. Ma and S. Kwok (CRC) beat Zimmerman and Fenton 6-1; beat Grose and Lapsley 6-2; beat Chau and Cumine 6-2.

W. Wu and K.H. Lew (CRC) beat Zimmerman and Fenton 6-2; beat Grose and Lapsley 6-4; beat Chau and Cumine 6-4.

SPORT STARS SHOW YOU HOW... No. 10

MY FAVOURITE JOB
RIPING A GOOD HORSE, WHETHER IN A RACE DURING THE AFTERNOON OR IN PRACTICE ON THE GALLOPS DURING THE MORNING.

MY BEST TIP
FOR STARTING THE SEASON FIT AND REMAIN FIT, BEFORE A SEASON BEGINS, I HAVE TO FLY-WEIGHT MYSELF, GEORGE GARRARD, LIVING A SOBER LIFE, NOT DRINK, SKIP AND DO ROAD WORK THROUGHOUT THAT TIME.

MY BIGGEST THRILL
WAS WHEN I RODE TWO CLASSIC WINNERS FOR THE KING WITHIN 24 HOURS—THE 1000 GUINEAS ON BIG GAME, AND THE 1000 ON SUN CHARLOT.

BASEBALL:

Amazing Giants win double-header

New York, August 2. Philadelphia Athletics blasted three pitchers for 15 hits and a 10-3 victory over Chicago White Sox in an American League afternoon game today.

Elmer Valo led the assault, hitting a single, double, triple and homer, as Carl Scheib coasted to his third win.

In the National League, Brooklyn Dodgers beat Pittsburgh Pirates, 5-4 in 10 innings and the amazing New York Giants made it 11 victories in the last 12 games by sweeping a double-header from Chicago Cubs, 11-1 and 8-6.

Ralph Branca turned in his third consecutive route-going victory, but outfielder Jim Russell was Dodger's real hero of the day. Russell tied the score in the ninth with a two-run homer off Bill Werle and won the game with a two-out, bases-full single in the 10th.

Staggered to victory
Larry Jansen hurled the five-hitter and West-Strum delivered a grand slam homer to lead the Giants to victory in the opener, while Sal Maglie staggered to victory in the nightcap, primarily because the Cubs have only one Andy Pate.

Pate blasted three homers and knocked in five runs, but it was not enough.

Detroit Tigers blanked New York Yankees, 4-0, in the other American League afternoon game.

Scores

Today's baseball scores were:
AMERICAN LEAGUE
New York 10-3 Chicago
Detroit 4-0 Philadelphia
Winning pitcher: White, loser: Alie Reynolds.

Kowloon Bowling Green Club Golden Jubilee

An elaborate programme has been arranged by the Kowloon Bowling Green Club in connection with its Golden Jubilee, which will be celebrated on Sunday, August 6.

Highlights of the day's events will be the laying of a wreath at the base of the War Memorial plaque, unveiling of the Founders' plaque, unveiling of bronze plaque on Coronation tree and a tree planting ceremony.

The tree planting ceremony will be performed by Mr. J. F. Nicoll, Officer Administering the Government.

Arrangements have been made for the club-house and grounds to be decorated with hundreds of flags, while at night, 5,000 lights will transform the area into a miniature fairyland.

Every person visiting the Club during the day will be asked to sign one of several parchment rolls, all of which will be bound into a book later on and preserved in the Club as a record.

Results

The following is the programme:
12 noon—President places wreath at base of War Memorial plaque.
12.05 p.m.—President asks Mr. W. Russell to unveil the Founders' plaque.
12.20 p.m.—President unveils bronze plaque on the Coronation tree.
12.45 p.m.—President unveils the board giving list of Presidents and Club Champions.
1.00 p.m.—President gives the toast "The Kowloon Bowling Green Club".
1.10 p.m.—President serves in the Club-house.
1.20 p.m.—President gives the toast "The Kowloon Bowling Green Club".

Capt. Chisnall leaving for Singapore

Hong Kong will be losing one of its most popular sports personalities today, when Captain H. J. Chisnall, Senior Army Sports Officer, leaves these shores on transfer to Singapore.

Since his arrival in Hong Kong about two years ago, Captain Chisnall has, in spite of the exacting nature of his military duties, thrown himself heart and



CAPT. CHISNALL

soul into the task of improving the standard of sport, not only in the Army, but in the Colony as a whole.

Soccer in this Colony owes a deep debt of gratitude to Captain Chisnall, who has rendered invaluable service to the game, both as a member of the Hong Kong Football Association and as an active referee.

Captain Chisnall's handling of soccer games has left nothing to be desired. He has never allowed himself to be affected by the occasion, nor has he ever permitted himself to be heckled into making blunders or incorrect decisions by highly partisan fans.

Firm and impartial

His firm and impartial handling of soccer games has earned for him a very high reputation, so much so that even the most rabid soccer fan has not been slow to admit that he is one of the best soccer referees to grace the local soccer field.

The Hong Kong Football Association has not overlooked Captain Chisnall's capabilities and has honoured him on more than one occasion by appointing him to referee important games.

The greatest compliment which the HKFA paid to Captain Chisnall was to appoint him as a referee for the first game in the Swedish series last year, when the Helsingborg Swedish XI met and defeated a Hong Kong team at Caroline Hill by two goals to one.

Exceptional qualities

In organizing and conducting athletic events, Captain Chisnall has also displayed his exceptional qualities, with the result that his services have always been in great demand at athletic meetings held by Schools and certain Chinese associations.

During his sojourn in the Colony, Captain Chisnall has always shown a keen desire to place Hong Kong on the sporting map and has often bemoaned the fact that the Colony was not represented at the last Empire Games.

With a view to ensuring that the Colony is represented in future Empire Games, Captain Chisnall suggested, as far back as September last year, the formation of a Hong Kong Amateur Athletic Association.

Captain Chisnall's departure will be most keenly felt by the Army and the Colony, and will not be easy to fill. The cordial and friendly relations which have always existed between Captain Chisnall and members of the Army have in no small measure been due to his unflinching courage and his ability to be of assistance to all who approached him.

County cricket:

Rain affects play in most matches

London, August 2. Rain affected play in most matches when the current cricket programme began today. At Bristol, where Gloucestershire entertained Northamptonshire, not a ball could be bowled today. An early close was necessary at Clacton, where Essex met Kent, and no further play was possible after tea at Worcester between Worcester and Sussex.

Yorksire's match against Somerset at Taunton did not start until after lunch and other matches were also interrupted.

In spite of the weather batsmen generally dominated the day's play.

The Championship leaders, Lancashire, made a big total of 413 runs against Glamorgan at Blackpool, chiefly due to a fine fifth wicket stand by the all-rounder, John Ikin, and the captain, Nigel Howard.

Ikin and Howard put on 158 runs in 110 minutes before Howard, who had come in at the fall of the fourth wicket, left after hitting 11 fours in 84 minutes.

Ikin, the left-hander, went on to make 129 runs, his second century of the season, without the slightest suggestion of uncertainty.

Polished drives, vigorous pulls and crisp late cuts featured his highest innings of the season. He hit 14 fours in his five hours' batting.

In an effort to score quickly after this great effort, Lancashire lost six wickets in the last hour for 66 runs.

Victor Munden, Leicestershire's young left-arm slow bowler, had striven in vain for a wicket this season until he bowled to Denis Compton. He was probably never surprised that anyone at getting this celebrated wicket for Compton slashed in a carefree manner at a ball that was almost wide to be caught at the wicket.

Compton scored a fluent 68 runs in 55 minutes and hit nine fours.

Grand off-drives

The highlight of the Middlesex innings was a splendid opening stand by Jack Robertson and John Dewes. They were parted after just under three hours; Dewes having found the boundary 15 times in 115 minutes, which was paced with grand off-drives.

His century came in two hours and 40 minutes.

Robertson's chanceless 90 included 36 in boundaries.

Nottinghamshire did well to reach a respectable total against Warwickshire after early setbacks.

Thirty-seven-year-old Charles Grove, who returned to the Warwickshire side after a week's rest, took advantage of the early liveliness of the pitch and captured the first four wickets for 12 runs.

Nottinghamshire, for four wickets, but owed a lot to a fifth wicket stand of 122 runs between Harris and Stokes. After Harris had gone only Stokes looked comfortable and his 90 runs not out took three and a quarter hours and contained 10 fours.

Grove finished with seven wickets for 79 runs, which was his best performance of the season.

Close of play scores

The following were today's close of play scores in first-class matches:

At Blackpool: Lancashire 413 (Ikin 129, Howard 84), Glamorgan 141.

At Bristol: No play was possible today owing to rain in the match between Gloucestershire and Northamptonshire.

At Clacton: Essex 309 for nine (Dodd 57, Avery 52, Evans 79) against Kent. Stumps were drawn early owing to rain.

At Worcester: Sussex 122 for four against Worcester. No further play was possible after tea owing to rain.

At Leicester: Middlesex 376 for six declared (Dowes 115, Robertson 90, Denis Compton 69, Sharp 64), Leicestershire 27 for no wicket.

At Nottingham: Nottingham 233 (Stokes 90 not out, Harris 53) against Warwickshire. Stumps were drawn early owing to rain.

GENE BEARDEN SOLD TO SENATORS

Cleveland, Ohio, August 3. Gene Bearden, the man who pitched the Indians to the pennant in 1949 with 30 victories, was sold today to the Washington Senators for a major league price of \$100,000.

Results of Open Singles matches

A. E. Coates and J. S. Landolt, both former champions, were yesterday eliminated from the Colony Lawn Bowls Singles tournament at Talkoo Docks Club by A. M. Omar and F. X. M. da Silva respectively.

Omar beat Coates by 23-11 and Silva beat Landolt by 22-13. On the same green, S. Yusuf beat A. R. Minu 21-14 and A. R. Kitchell beat Ismail Ali by 21-10.

Omar again found his true form in his game against Coates. Omar blanketed Coates for the first five heads to lead 5-0. Coates then scored seven shots on the following three heads to lead 7-6.

Omar again took up the score, by netting four shots on the next three heads to lead 10-7.

Coates scored three shots on the following two heads, bringing the score to 10-10 on the 13th head.

Undaunted by this reverse, Omar scored a three on the next head to lead 13-10. On the 15th head Coates scored a single.

Deciding head

The next head proved to be the deciding one.

Coates threw the jack for a full head. With his first wood he put in a beautiful touch, almost hugging the jack. Coates, with his second wood, drew second shot six inches in front of his first shot. He put in a blocker with this third wood but failed.

Omar, with his third wood, trailed the jack back for the shot. Coates' last wood was shot.

Omar, with his last wood, drew another shot, bringing the score to 18-11.

The next head saw Omar score a possible, that is, four shots, bringing the score to 19-11.

F. X. M. da Silva played good bowls to beat Landolt by 22-13. Silva was leading 10-9 after 12 heads. Silva, with some consistent bowling, scored on the next five heads to lead 18-9 and eventually win by 22-13.

Results

The following are the full results.

AT TDC
A. M. Omar (CRC) beat A. E. Coates (CCC) 23-11.

F. X. M. da Silva (Recreio) beat J. S. Landolt (CCC) 22-13.

S. Yusuf (CRC) beat A. R. Minu (CRC) 21-14.

A. R. Kitchell (CRC) beat Ismail Ali (CRC) 21-10.

AT KBCG
S. C. Ricketts (KCC) beat G. A. Scott (CRC) 21-10.

C. C. Pereira (Recreio) beat C. Gough (CRC) 21-16.

TENNIS:

Negro player to compete at Forest Hills

South Orange, New Jersey, August 2. Miss Alliea Gibson, the first Negro lawn tennis player to compete in a United States grass courts tournament championship event, said today that she intends to enter the National Championships at Forest Hills, New York, later this month.

Tennis circles generally believe that the inclusion of Miss Gibson's application for the National event.